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Introduction to OUCampus Content Management System

Haiwang Yuan
Western Kentucky University, haiwang.yuan@wku.edu

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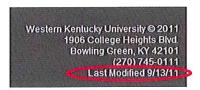
Introduction to OUCampus CMS

Haiwang Yuan

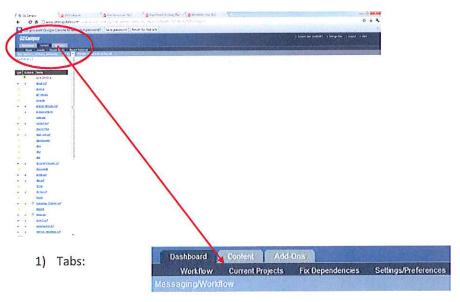
Special Assistant to the Dean for Web & Emerging Technologies

1. Login

- 1) From the update link at the bottom right
- 2) Use NetID and password



2. The WYSIWYG Editor



- a. Dashboards
 - o Communication
 - o Management
- b. Content
 - o Pages
 - o Assets

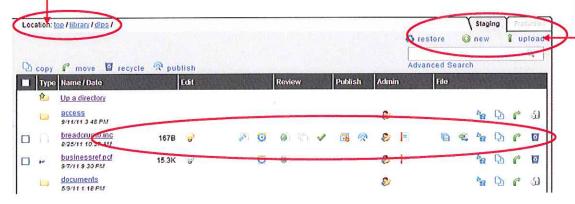


- c. Add-ons (Needs separate login)
 - o Staff
 - o Calendar
 - o News



3. The Pages View

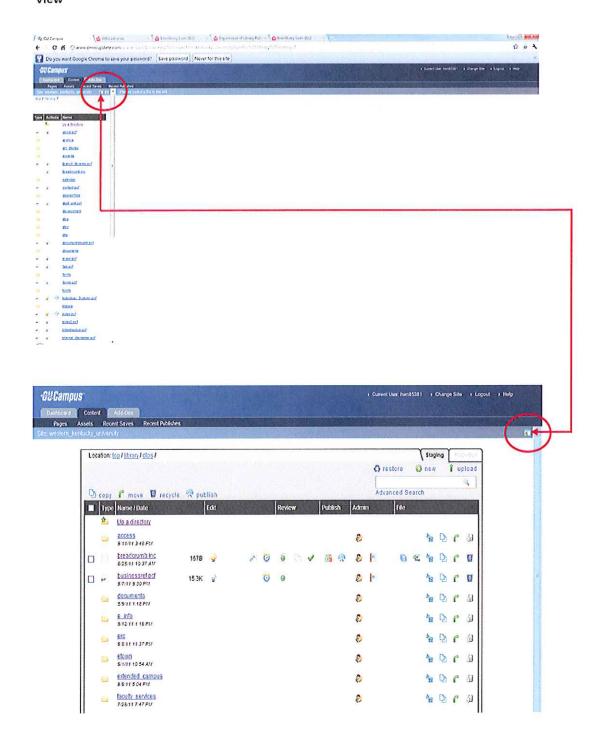
- 1) Location (helps with navigation)
- 2) Staging (where web design is conducted)
- 3) Production (see files not visible in Stage, but good for managing them, such as delete)
- 4) Restore (files recycled but not permanently deleted)
- 5) New (create new folder or new page with different templates provided)
- 6) Upload (graphic, PDF, Doc files etc.)



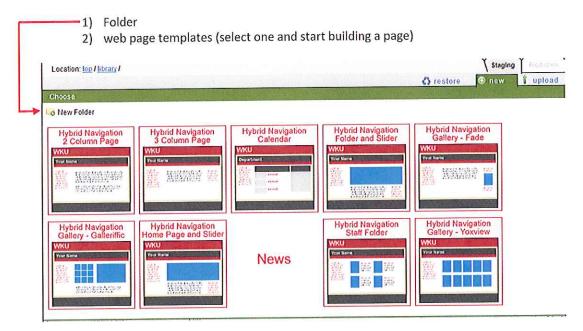
7) File Management

9	Check in	9	Check out
8	Edit properties	Ø	Set reminders
(in	Compare	V	Check for validity
	Expire	Q	Publish
23	Set access privilege		Log
a	Back up	恒	Revert to previous versions
b ₂₃	Rename	Co.	Сору
P	Move	o 51	Recycle, Delete

4. Use the green arrow buttons to toggle between the WYSIWYG Editor and the Pages View



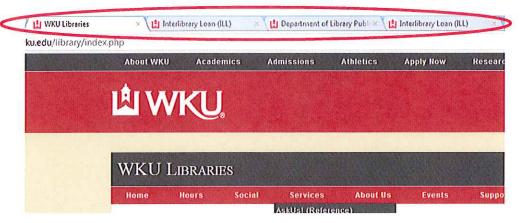
5. New



3) Do fill in all the information:

Browser Bar Title	Displays in the Browser Title Bat (Required)
Page Name	Displays in gray bar on page (Optional)
Description	Enter a snort description for search engines (Optional)
Keywords	Enter any Keywords you want to associate with this page. (Optional)
Author	Enter an author for this page (Optional)
Page F ename hybridnav_2column.pcf	Provide a filename for this new page Use only letters numbers and underscores
Overwrite Page	Overwite if the already exists?

a. Browser Bar Title



b. Page Name (We use this as our page names)



- c. Descriptions and Keywords (Metadata for search engines)
- d. Authors (responsibility)
- e. Change file name into a descriptive one, with the .pcf extension intact
- f. If a new page is going to replace an old with the same file name, click and check the **Overwrite Page box** before hit the Create button

Overwrite Page	

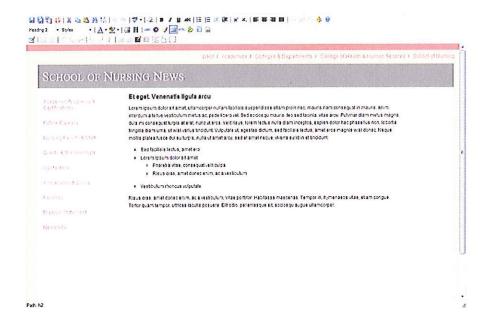
4) Create the page by clicking on the Edit button on top left of the WYSIWYG Editor



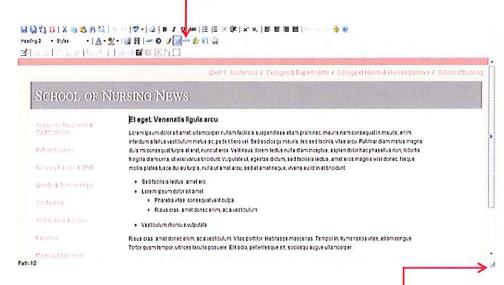
5) Click on one of the green Edit buttons to edit a specific area



6) The OUCampus editor is a WYSIWYG user interface, but could be very clumsy when it comes to making a complex page layout because it is built with CSS in mind



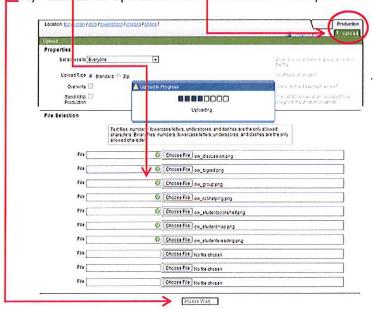
7) You may have to use the HTML editor often though you may hate it. But it is advisable that you create HTML with the layout in Dreamweaver, using it as an offline WYSIWYG editor and copy the code into this OUCampus HTML editor:



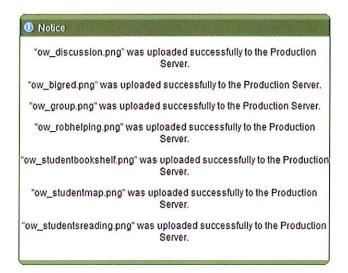
Note: the editor can be resized by dragging this little arrow

6. Upload Files

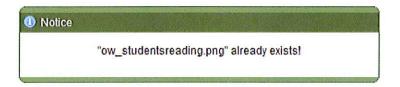
- 1) Click on the Upload button on the top right of the upload window
- 2) Select files from your computer's hard drive, networked and portable drives
- 3) Make sure that the file names are in lower case. No special characters except for dashes and hyphens are accepted
- 4) Click on the Upload button at the bottom of the upload window and you are done



5) You can tell when file uploading is finished and successful



6) If you have files already uploaded and try to upload them again to the same location without changing their file names, you will be given a warning message



7) You have to click on the **Override box** to upload and replace a file with the same file name and be in the same location



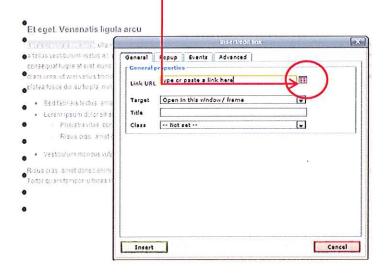
7. More about Editing

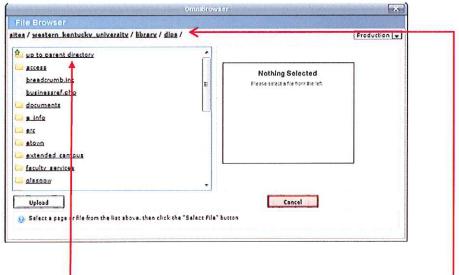
Note:

1) Creating Links by clicking on the link icon



2) Or click on this button to find a page in the
OUCampus file system (You'll do this more often than type in a link)

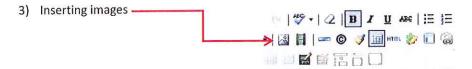




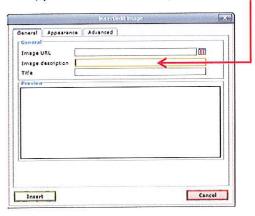
i. The **Up to parent directory** helps you go back a directory each time, but the **directory path** is very helpful when you want to jump back to a parent directory

ii. You can't link to a folder marked by a yellow folder icon, but have to link to a php file





- a. Locating the file takes the same steps as in 7. 1) above
- b. However, you must fill in the Image Description and Title for ADA compliance

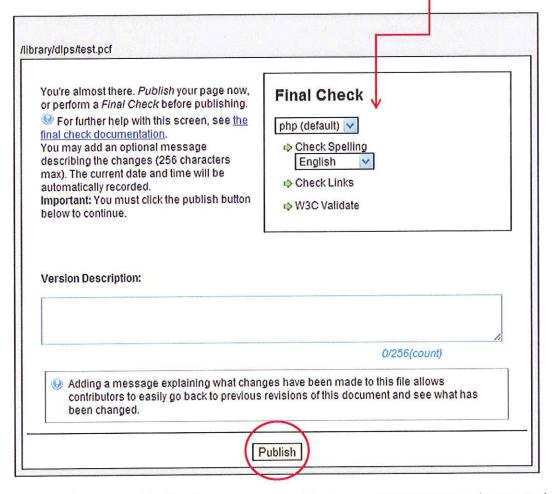


3) Save your page by clicking on this Save button and you'll see the page in the pre-published state, which is told by this yellow lighting bulb and this broadcast icon, the first meaning that you need to check this file in so that others can edit it; the second, you need to publish it. You can also click on this big green button to publish.

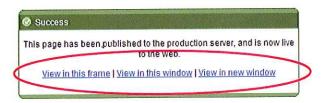


Note: You won't see any changes unless you publish. Saving it only keeps the work you've done.

4) After you click on either the broadcasting icon on the left or the big green button on the top, you'll see this window, where you can do several important matters such as changing file extensions, which we don't usually do, checking spelling, selecting languages, checking links, and validating the pages:



- 5) Form a habit of leaving a message about the changes you have made to this page in the Version Description box. The purpose of doing this is explained in the text beneath it
- 6) After you hit the **Publish button** at the bottom, you are given several choices to view your page:

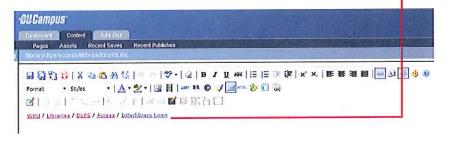




7. Don't Forget the Breadcrumb (used to trace back as users drill down into pages)

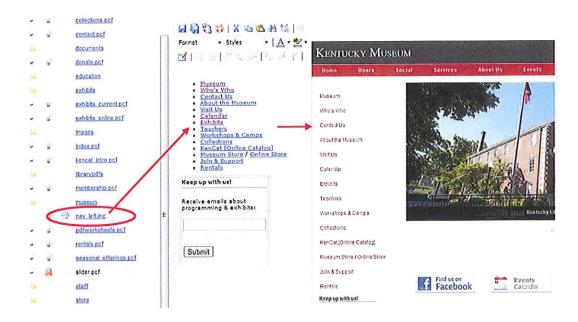


1) Creating the breadcrumb takes the same steps as 5. 4), 5), and 6). Here's the edit view



8. More Advanced

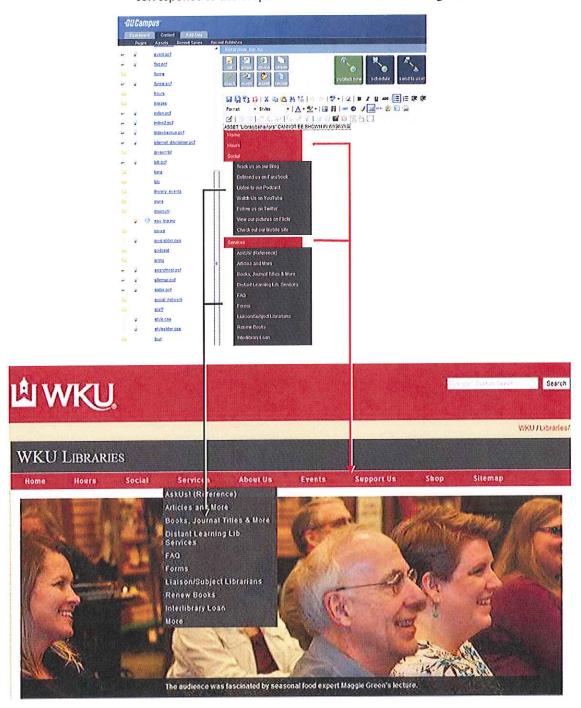
1) nav_left.inc (The navigation menu on the left of the screen)



- a. Editing is the same as when a page is created or edited. Steps are akin to 5, 10), 11), 12), 13) and 6 3), 4), 5) above
- 2) top left.inc (Global horizontal menu bar on top of the Libraries' web pages)



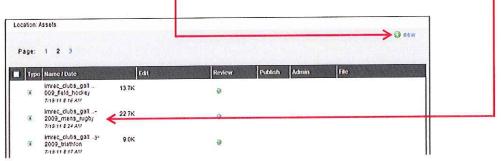
- b. Initial steps of editing is akin to 5 10), 12) and 6 3), 4), 5) above
- c. Don't change the format. Just enter your headers. The red area corresponds to the menus in the menu bar with the red background. The black area corresponds to the dropdown menu with the black background.



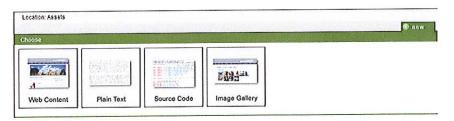
- 3) Assets (an independent snippet of HTML or Script that can be plugged in any place on a web page)
 - a. To create an asset, select Assets from the Content tab



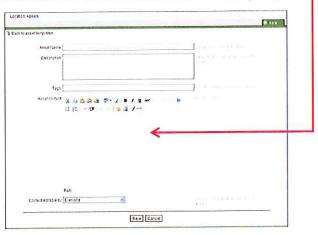
O Click on New on the top left to create a new asset or select from the Pages List to edit and existent one:



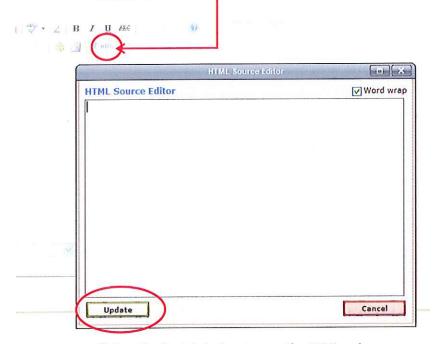
You have four types of assets to choose from



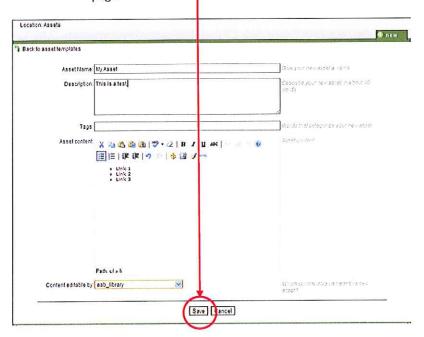
O Click on Web Content for example and you'll see this window come up. The white area is a WYSIWYG text editor as in step 5. 7)



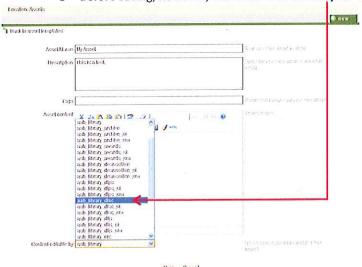
 If you want to work with HTML coding or simply drop one in that you copied from Dreamweaver or somewhere else, you may use the HTML editor by clicking on this HTML button beside the broom:



- o Click on the Update button to save the HTML code
- O Click on the Save button to save the asset before you can apply it to your page



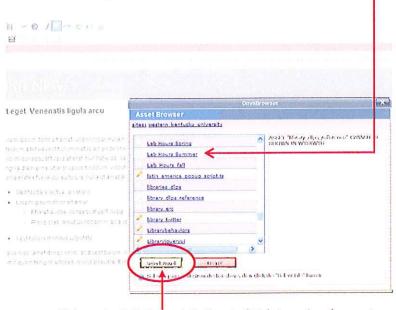
o Before saving, however, select an area where your asset will be accessible



o To use an asset, go to Content and select Pages. Open a file and place your

mouse curse at the location where you want to insert the asset. Click on the Insert Asset button to locate and insert the asset

Then locate and select your asset from the alphabetical list of assets created by the WKU web community



o Click on the Select Asset Button to finish inserting the asset

 The asset only appears as its file name in the editor but will be shown in the viewing mode.

ASSET "library_dlps_reference" CANNOT BE SHOWN IN WYSIWYG

4) Slider (The image slides on top of the page)



a. At the College Level, the pictures are required to have the following pixel resolution:



b. At the Department Level, the resolution is as follows:



c. Create a slider

o You need to have this slider.pcf file in the folder where the file featuring the



o You'll have two options to edit the file:

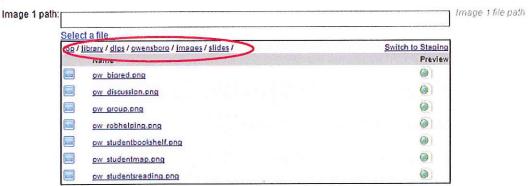


and fill in the Page Properties: Click on the Props button required information in the forms for each picture

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	breadment his	FARTHERS.	
	macas	Configuration Parameters	
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8	P sidead	trage 1 Capton Title	\$2.791 FC. 5 Factor 4357
		Image 1 Caption Description	45 (314) + 34 7 8450*
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		Image 2 Caption Cescription	Aces.
		Image 2 ABT 122	Proceed through
		Image 2 Link	State of the state
		image 2 adhit 🦅 ixdude image	integral world to record to the energy record to the state of

 Select the pictures in a specific folder you create advisably following a path like /library/the_department_name/images/slides/, which is conducive to better organization and future maintenance

Configuration Parameters

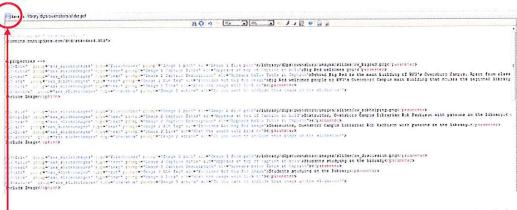


The second option is to code in the information:

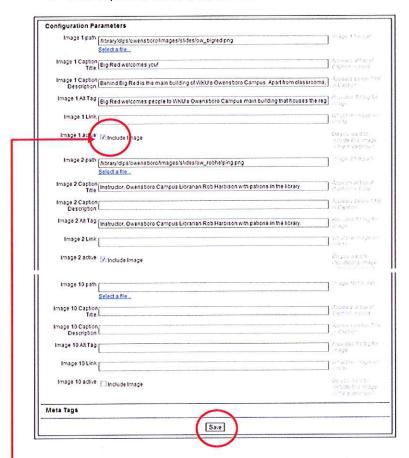


 The two optional editors can be toggled by the small green arrows above the window as shown in step 4. above

- o The bar used in this tutorial indicates where information is to be inserted.
- Always insert the image file and its relative path in the 1st line
- When it's done, the code will look like:



- Remember to save by clicking on the tiny Save button on top left of the editor window or your labor would be lost
- The Properties editor looks like this:

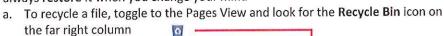


- Remember to click to check the Include Image box for the image to appear
- Scroll down to find the Save button at the bottom and click on it to save the file

9. What If I "Messed Up"

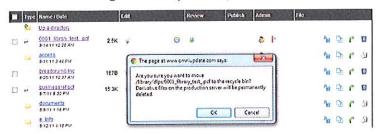
Relax and don't panic. Here's the beauty of this OUCampus CMS: You can sometimes restore a page you recycled and always revert a page to its previous versions. Here's how.

Recycle & Restore: If you come up with a better idea but still don't want to delete the
page you've already created, you can recycle it instead of deleting it for good. Then you
can always restore it when you change your mind





b. After clicking on the Recycle Bin, you still have a chance to say no



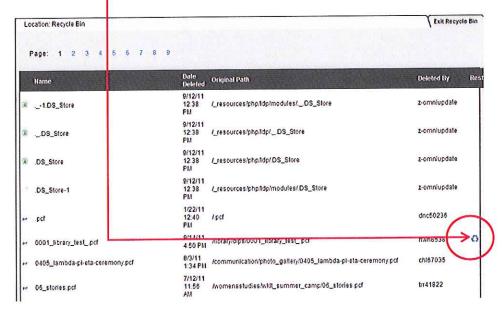
c. After clicking on OK, you'll get a confirmation



d. To restore the page, click on the **Restore button** on the top left of the window marked with the recycle symbol



- Then you'll see a new window with a long list of recycled files. Some have the
 recycle symbol and most don't. Only files marked with the recyclie symbol can
 be restored
- f. The **recycle symbol** is also a button. Click on it and you'll be able to get the page back in its original location



- g. You have to go through the same confirmation process as in steps 9. 3), 4) above
- h. To go back from the Recycle interface to where your restored file is, click on the command Pages on top left of the window



i. Delete a Page:

You can delete a page directly from the Pages View if you see the Trash Can icon 🚮

If it's a Recycle Bin 🧧 , then go ahead and recycle it. Then go to the Restore interface to delete it permanently. There, you can find the Trash Can beside the Recycle Bin. Click on the Trash Can to permanently delete

the file

o001_library_test_.pcf

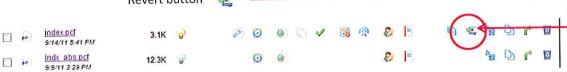
9/14/11 5:26 PM //ibrary/dlps/0001_library_test_.pcf



2) Revert: If you think you messed up a page and wanted to go back to the previous version, you can always do so. You can even go back to versions many days old

3) To revert a page, you have two ways

a. From the "Pages View" before you publish the file/page by clicking on the Revert button (E.



- b. From the WYSIWYG Editor when the file is open and not published
- To revert the file/page, click on the grey Revert button on the top left. It is in cluster of eight similar buttons in two rows, with four buttons in each









d. If you cannot see the Revert button and the button cluster looks like this, that means your page has been published











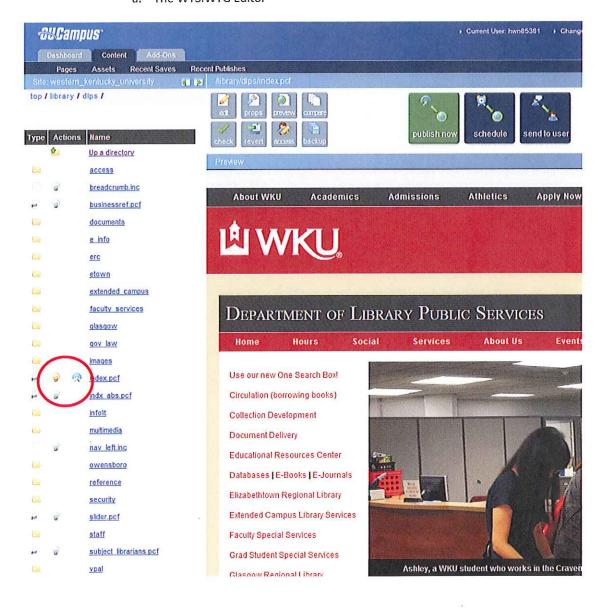
e. In this case, click on the big green Check Out button to see the eight-button cluster with the Revert button in its midst

f. When you hit the Revert button either way, you'll see a long list of the same file in the past cycle of its life marked by the dates of its publication and headed by its version numbers, with the largest number on the top. Click on the number of the preferred version, and you bring it back to life. It will replace the latest version of the file with the largest number on the very top of the list, the one that you "messed up"

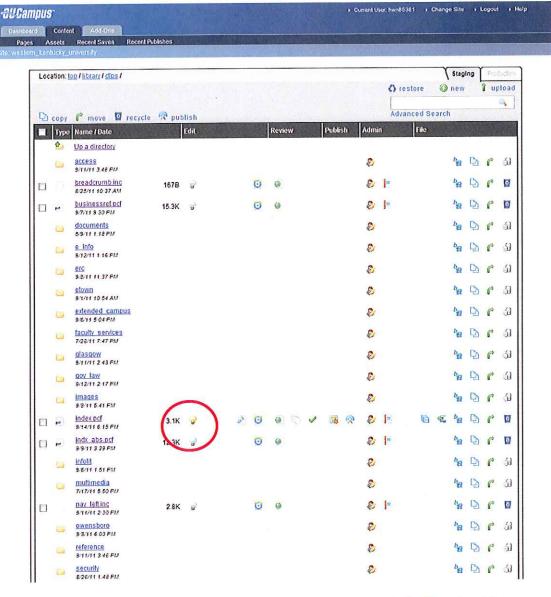
	Revision) Date	Preview	Author	Action	Message
0	237	€9/13/11 9:56 AM	17 6	hwn85381	A	
û	<u>236</u>	9/12/11 5:21 PM	0	hwn85381	A	
ù	235	9/7/11 8:56 AM	0	hwn85381	例	
ù	234	9/5/11 12:34 AM	() ()	wll56740	R	
Û	233	9/5/11 12:25 AM	<> ()	wll56740	A	
Û	232	9/2/11 9:10 AM	0	dnc50236	R	changed XSLDO NOT REVERT PAST THIS POINT
Û	231	9/1/11 9:32 PM		erc56196	R	
Û	230	9/1/11 7:45 PM	O	hwn85381	9	
û	229	9/1/11 7:44 PM	0	hwn85381	(A)	
Û	228	9/1/11 7:42 PM	<> @	hwn85381	R	
Û	227	8/31/11 3:48 PM	()	hwn85381	R	
ŵ	226	8/31/11 3:01 PM	O ()	dnc50236	R	changed link back
Û	225	8/31/11 2:58 PM	()	dnc50236	(A)	testing
ŵ	224	8/31/11 2:30 PM	*	dnc50236	R	took out space above "AskUs"
û	223	8/31/11 11:59 AM	<> ()	hwn85381	(A)	
û	222	8/31/11 11:36 AM	0	hwn85381	P	
û	221	8/31/11 11:32 AM	()	hwn85381	R	took out space above "ask us"
Û	220	8/31/11 11:03 AM	**	hwn85381	(2)	
	219	8/30/11 4:14 PM	0	hwn85381	(A)	

g. The numbers are active links. Click on one and you'll revert to that version of the file/page

- 10. A Word about Etiquette: Always check in a page you have worked on whether you published or not so that others, especially the Site Manager, which is me, can have access to it in case something happens to that page and changes need to done to it while you are not available
 - 1) Always watch the bulb icon. See if it's lightened (yellow) 💡 or shut off (greyish blue) 💡
 - 2) You can see them in two locations
 - a. The WYSIWYG Editor



b. The Pages View



- c. Shut the light off by simply clicking on the yellow bulb 😈 so that it becomes 🍿 making it a habit as you do when you leave your office after work
- d. Publishing a page by clicking on the broadcast icon not far from the yellow bulb or the big green Publish button on the top of the WYSIWYG Editor will automatically check the file in, making it available for others to access



If you have any questions, please contact me:

Haiwang Yuan Special Assistant to the Dean for Web & Emerging Technologies 103 Cravens Library (270) 745-5084 haiwang.yuan@wku.edu

For the Vendor's tutorials, please refer to this site: http://support.omniupdate.com/documentation/ox/