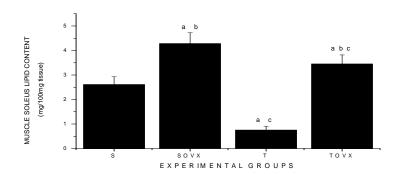
## Influence of resistance training on muscle lipid content in ovariectomized rats #52

Richard Diego Leite<sup>1</sup>, Jonato Prestes<sup>1</sup>, Guilherme Borges Pereira<sup>1</sup>, Celene Fernandes Bernardes<sup>2</sup>, Gilberto Eiji Shiguemoto<sup>1</sup>, Mateus Moraes Domingos<sup>1</sup>, Rodrigo Ferro Magosso<sup>1,3</sup>, Vilmar Baldissera<sup>1,3</sup> Sergio Eduardo de Andrade Perez<sup>1</sup>.

<sup>1</sup>Department of Physiological Sciences, Laboratory of Exercise Physiology, Federal University of São Carlos – SP, Brazil; <sup>2</sup>Department of Biochemistry – PUC-Campinas-SP, Brazil/ <sup>3</sup>Pos-graduation program in Bioengineering-USP- São Carlos-SP, Brazil.

E-mail: rixleite@gmail.com

The aim of this study was analyze the effect of the resistance training on muscle soleus lipid content in ovariectomized rats. Wistar adult female rats were grouped into: sedentary (S); ovariectomized sedentary (Sovx); resistance trained (T) and ovariectomized resistance trained (Tovx). A 12-week strength training that consisted to climb a 1.1-m vertical ladder with weights secured to rats in tail was used. The session was performed once every 3 days with a 4-9 climbs and 8-12 dynamic movements per climb. The muscle soleus lipid content (mg/100mg tissue) was determined by sulfo-vanilin reaction. For statistical analyzes ANOVA was used with  $p \le 0.05$ . The muscle soleus lipid content was significantly higher in S (2.61±0.31), Sovx (4.28±0.44) and Tovx (3.54±0.36) groups when compared with the T group (0.75±0.15). The S group showed lower values compared with Sovx and Tovx groups. Resistance training decreased lipid content in ovariectomized rats (Tovx) as compared with Sovx group (Figure 1).



**Figure 1**. Results of muscle soleus lipid content in the experimental groups after 12 weeks of resistance training. <sup>a</sup>Statistically significant difference compared with S; <sup>b</sup>Statistically significant difference as compared with T; <sup>s</sup>Statistically significant difference as compared with Sovx ( $p \le 0.05$ ). S = sedentary group; Sovx = sedentary ovariectomized group; T = trained group; Tovx = ovariectomized trained group. Ovariectomy increase soleus muscle lipid content, which is decreased by resistance training. Resistance training alone decrease muscle lipid content, indicating an important clinical effect.

**Key words:** stair climbing exercise; muscle lipid content; ovariectomy.