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ON THE COVER
ROGERS GRIST MILL, SUMMER SHADE, KENTUCKY

This restored grist mill is located on the former lands of surveyor Edmund Rogers. It is co-owned by Lewis Jefferson Gorin Jr., of Louisville, KY. and Standiford Rogers Gorin, of McMinnville, TN., who are descendants of Edmund Rogers and his wife Mary Shirley, as well as John and Elizabeth Franklin Gorin. The mill was restored by using lumber and parts from old mills in the area with the water wheel being the only part that was not original. The mill sits in a scenic area of Metcalfe County and many school groups have toured the mill; several marriages have also taken place there. It is surrounded by beautiful timbers and wild flowers and is fed from a spring in a cave at the top of the hill. The Gorins also have many other types of smaller mills in the mill building demonstrating from the old pounder type mill to gasoline operated mills.
MABLE SHELBY WELLS ESSAY
CONTEST WINNERS – 1998

Each year, in our Summer issue, we print the winning essays from each of the elementary schools in Barren County.

The Young Mill on Peter’s Creek

By
Meghan Elizabeth Edwards – Hiseville School

Gristmills were a big part of life and history of Barren County. There were probably several mills in operation before the county was organized in 1798. As many as thirty-seven mills were in existence in Barren County according to a story written in the Glasgow Daily Times in 1935 by Logan Porter. The mills were used to grind feed for animals such as cows, horses, and pigs. The people near the area would also get wheat far flour and corn meal usually through bartering or trading.

The Young mill was on Peter’s Creek and was owned by Asa Young. The mill was running as early as 1818. There had to be a source of power to run the mill and keep the buckets on the mill wheel turning at the right speed. A dam was built on Peter’s Creek to provide the water flow needed. Eventually another dam was built on Indian Camp Branch to help increase the water flow to the mill. Cecil Goode in an article for the Glasgow Daily Times stated that Asa Young operated a trading post-type enterprise, a mill, a shop, and a country store that later developed into mostly milling and a sawmill operation. Asa Young paid his employees 38 cents a day. Some examples of the prices and the year follow.

14 lbs. of leather $4.20 1835
20 lbs. of sugar 2.00 1836
11 lbs. of wool 4.40 1837

Asa Young operated the mill until his death on January 13, 1865. At that time his son George C. Young operated the mill and it is believed to have been in operation as late as the early 1900’s. By 1930, all that was left at the mill site was the mill pond. However, the old Young home is still standing on property owned by Chester Reed Smith, the great-grandson of Asa Young near Dry Fork.

Asa Young, born in 1795, was the son of James Young from Scotland. He served in the war of 1812, was sheriff of Barren County, a member of the House of Representatives and was also a freighter. He taught school near Austin before 1820. I chose the topic of the Young Mill because I am a descendent of Asa Young.

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DAYS GONE BY

By
Kristin Pruitt – Glasgow Middle School

Now it is time for us to begin our journey through the history of Barren County. I may lean a little bit on the city of Glasgow because that is where I’m from.

There were several important people in the history of Barren County. One of them was Edmund Rogers. Edmund was the principal surveyor of the “Green River country”. It is believed that the first tobacco marketed in Barren County came from Edmund Rogers. He was one of the county’s most prominent citizens during the early days. Edmund was also a Revolutionary war soldier.

Another important person was Stephen Bishop. He was the talented slave of the first white child born in Barren County. Stephen did much of the early cave exploring and mapping of Mammoth Cave. Franklin Gorin sent Bishop to the cave just to look after the property but Bishop proved to be brilliant in many ways.

Now let’s move on to some important places. One of them was Ritter’s Mill. It was the upper mill on Skaggs Creek. It was built in 1812. It is a favorite site for social events well into this present century. Skaggs Creek held two of the best known mills. They were built by Daniel Bowman Ritter. The first one was built around 1821. The second one around 1841. David purchased nearly 420 acres of land which he used to erect one mill. Also John Curd operated a cotton gin on the southern part of Skaggs Creek. Another one was located between this creek and Peter’s Creek. Another group of mills were the Folly Mill that were built on the South Fork of Beaver Creek.

Here is the inscription that a historic marker held that told about a pioneer industry:

“SETTLES RIFLES: Prized by frontiersmen, now rare collector’s items. Starting
Days Gone By, continued:

in 1800, William made flintlocks at Rocky Hill. A son, Felix, had shops in Glasgow, Rossville. Felix’s sons, Simon and Willis, made rifles in Glasgow, Hiseville, and in Green and Logan counties. Name of maker and place made on all; some dated.

Now I will tell you about Bell’s Tavern. Here is the story behind Bell’s Tavern told by another historical marker:

“BELL’S TAVERN – Erected by Wm. Bell, 1830. Stage stop for his lines that brought visitors to Mammoth Cave when first promoted. Famed in U. S. and Europe for elite patrons, cuisine and magic peach and honey brandy for “Joy before the Journey’s end,” until it burned in 1860. Civil War doomed completion of a new tavern begun by grandson, Wm. F. Bell and his stepfather, George M. Proctor.”

Now let’s look at some of the important dates in Barren County. Here is a paragraph from the book Barren County Heritage.

“In the same year that Barren County was organized, the location of the county seat was decided upon, and the new town was named Glasgow. Barren County was authorized by the Kentucky Legislature on December 20, 1798, but it was not until May 10, 1799, that the county was officially organized.”

It happened almost immediately! Glasgow became and has still been the trading, social and cultural center for a big area.

In a Census that was taken in 1850, Barren County listed many businesses and industrial occupations. It’s really amazing! Take a look:

- 6 boarding houses
- 1 hotel
- 1 hotel (colored)
- 2 banks
- 2 tailor shops
- 1 daguerrean gallery
- 7 dry goods stores
- 1 steam grist mill
- 1 newspaper and print shop
- 3 livery stables
- 2 brick layers
- 3 wagon makers

1 plow factor
1 training stable
2 plasterers, and many more.

Now we come to the end of our journey. I hope you have enjoyed reaching my paper as much as I have enjoyed writing it!

****

Mt. Tabor Baptist Church
By Kateland Beals – Eastern Elementary School

Mt. Tabor Baptist Church is known as the first and oldest church in Barren County. This church, that changed the lives of many people in Barren County, was founded on November 5, 1798 by Elders Carter Tarrant, Alexander Davidson and William Hickman. Alexander Davidson became the first pastor of Mt. Tabor but resigned after one year because of differences of opinions on the issue of slavery. Jacob Locke became pastor in 1804 at Mt. Tabor and served a loyal 38 years.

The church was once located near Beaver Creek but was removed to its current location on Dripping Springs Road. In 1812, this small country church had around 160 members. By 1883 the total had risen to 175 members and in 1842 the total of church members was 252.

In 1799, a meeting of 8 churches declared it reasonable to join together and constituted the Green River Churches. An official list has not been found, but it is known that the following were included: Mt. Tabor and Mud Camp in Barren County, Bush Creek and Pitman Creek in Green County, Dipping Springs in Metcalfe County, and Mill Creek in Monroe County. The combined number of members of these churches came to a total of 350 members.

In December of 1817, dismissal letters from Mt. Tabor were given to several members to organize a church in Glasgow. In 1820, several church members left to organize Salem Baptist Church, also in Barren County.

On July 31, 1840, Mt. Tabor Baptist Church and several other members of the Green River Churches met to form the Liberty Association. The members of this association were as follows: Mt. Tabor, Bowling Green, Mt. Tabor Baptist Church, continued:
New Hope, Three Springs, New Salem, Mt. Olive, Glasgow and Liberty Hill.

As you can see, Mt. Tabor Baptist Church played an important role in the history of Barren County. It became the first building where people could come and worship their God.

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THE SETTLING OF THE BARRENS
By Jill Marie Westcott – Park City Elementary

Barren County is one of the oldest and largest counties in Kentucky. But have you ever wondered how it came to be? If you have, like me, I think this essay will give you some answers.

Barren County was established on December 20, 1798 by the Kentucky Legislature and became Kentucky's 37th county. Barren County was named for the Barrens, or the meadowlands which once covered almost half of our county. Barren County is located in the Pennyroyal Region. The land for Barren County was taken from Warren and Green County. Originally we had 1,500 square miles, extending from the Green River on the north to the Tennessee line on the south. But over the years several pieces of land were given to surrounding counties. We are now about a third of that original 1,500 square miles.

Barren County is positioned south of the Green River which was put aside by Virginia for its Revolutionary War soldiers. This is the reason why many of Barren County's early settlers were veterans of that war. It also explains why seventy percent of Barren County's original settlers were from Virginia. Constituting better than eighty percent were the early settlers from the British Isles with England, Scotland, Wales and Ireland. We had one-fourth more Scottish settlers than in the neighboring counties.

In 1798 when our county was organized, the county seat was located and named for Glasgow, Scotland. Other important towns in our county are Cave City, Park City, and Hiseville. Once there were several other small towns but many have disappeared over the years.

Barren County has prospered considerably. These are facts that let us know how we came to be and what we were like back then. I have definitely learned a great deal about my county's past, I hope you have too because I think it's interesting to know where your county came from.

****

Blue Springs Grove
By Sheena London – Glasgow Christian Academy

Blue Springs Grove is what is now called Hiseville. It is an old town with an interesting past. Hiseville had many people with different occupations. There were statesmen, doctors, blacksmiths, and coppers. The town also had distilleries.

By 1858, Hiseville had organized its own State Guard Company. One of Hiseville's interesting persons was Cyrus Edwards. Cyrus was born in Hiseville in 1846. He had made plans to write a book about Barren County but died before he got to do so. His daughter, Florence Edwards [Gardiner], wrote the book according to his notes. The book is called Cyrus Edwards' Stories of Early Days. Mr. Edwards has many descendants still living in Hiseville including his great nephew, Jack London. One of his other descendants is me. Yes, that's right, he is my great-great-great uncle.

According to Edwards, the land where the town is located today was originally owned by the Thompson, Walton & Gadberry families. The first house was built in 1795, by a Thompson. The road through the town was a much traveled one leading from Nashville to Lexington. Stage coaches ran over the road every day from 1816 to 1858. It was then called the New Lexington Road. It left the Old Lexington and Nashville Road at Gallatin, Tennessee and ran through Scottsville, Glasgow, on to Coral Hill, Hiseville, Park, and Three Springs to Monroe, where it reunited with the old road.

There was only one post office in the county until they built another one in Hiseville. The post office was called Blue Spring Grove for many years. About 1867, the name was changed to Hiseville Post Office in honor of Elijah Hise, who at that time represented Hiseville in Congress. About this same time, the town
Blue Springs Grove, continued:

wanted a new name. In a spirit of ridicule, one resident said that it should be called “Goosehorn,” which strangely enough was adopted immediately. They finally decided to call the town Hiseville since the post office was already called that. It was first incorporated into a town in 1869. According to Frank Gorin, Hiseville had about seventy-five people living in it by 1876. There were two dry goods store, two drug stores, one saddle and harness shop, one church, one hotel, two doctors, and one steam mill.

Many other stores and a school have been built in Hiseville. It has always been a fairly small but prosperous town.

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The Formation of Mammoth Cave

By
Rachel Graves – Austin-Tracy Elementary

How long did it take for the longest cave in the world to form? 50 years? 1,000 years? 100,000 years? No! 250 million years! Long ago, there was a shallow sea that took up this area. Animals that lived in here died and bones settled in the bottom of the sea. Along with sand and mud, these layers squeezed out the water and solid rock was formed. Those rock layers included limestone, shale, and sandstone.

These layers grew over many years until it was about 900 meters thick. Forces within the earth moved and made the sea disappear and the rocks bend.

Water flows down the ridges and seeps through the thinner soil at the base of the ridge. As the water goes through the soil, it picks up carbonic acid. As water slowly drips through the cave a small ceiling hole, the calcium carbonate forms a ring around the hole.

When water drops on the floor of the cave, it forms a mound. The mound gets taller and taller and forms what is called a stalagmite. A stalactite hangs from the ceiling.

You can remember the names of these formations if you remember the “c” in the word stalactite is for the ceiling, and the “g” in stalagmite is for the ground.

In the dryer parts of the cave wall deposit a softer mineral called gypsum. Gypsum might build up between rock layers and push them apart.

As you can see, water plays an important part in the formation of caves. Also, water takes hundreds of millions of years to form and shape the rock that makes the cave. Mammoth Cave is still being formed today. That means in 250 million years from today, Mammoth Cave will be about twice as big as it is now, which is about 240 kilometers.

If you visit Mammoth Cave today, you can tour the cave as well as the scenery around it along hiking trails. You can also see the river which is part of the water system that formed the cave 250 million years ago.

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SETTLE RIFLES

By
Kelly N. Norris – Red Cross Elementary

One of Kentucky’s earliest industries was making rifles. This industry was very important because in order to hunt for food and protect their family and home people needed a trustworthy rifle. “Barren County played an important part in providing pioneers from all over Kentucky with their guns,” says DeWitt Settle. The first gunsmith in Barren County was William Settle, founder of Old Rocky Hill, who was the first one to make the all popular Settle rifles.

William Settle was born February 20, 1770. He came from Fauquier County, Virginia to Barren County around 1798. Then he bought land from Henry Vowle’s military grant near Rocky Hill. However, not too many people know that he was the first of the Settle rifle makers since he died so young at age thirty-eight on February 28, 1808 from small pox. William was buried in a graveyard full of slaves and his grave is the only one with a tombstone. The tombstone is dated and has William’s name on it. The reason he is buried there is because while he was sick with small pox he got in a fight with his family and told them that since none of them cared about him, they should just bury him with the slaves since they seemed to be his only
Settles Rifles, continued:

cared about him, they should just bury him with
the slaves since they seemed to be his only
friends. So his family did or so says my
grandfather, Joe Morris. *

The rest of William’s family escaped
the disease. His wife, Elizabeth Huffman, with
the help of their slaves, raised their ten children,
Franklin, Sally, Polly, French, Felix, Fannie,
Evelina, Elizabeth, Nancy, and Williams.
Franklin Settle bought the interest of the other
heirs in the family farm and kept it until he died
just before the Civil War began.

One of William’s sons, Felix, also
became a rifle maker and is the most widely
known rifle maker in South Central Kentucky.
He was born in Rocky Hill on April 21, 1801,
and on January 21, 1823, he married Sally
Smith. They had eleven children, Simon, Willis,
Benjamin, Amanda, Mary, Elizabeth, Edna,
Adeline, Louisa, and Harriet.
Felix made his home and rifle shop in Roseville,
Barren County. He marked his rifles with his full
name on the top of the barrels. He died July 4,
1871. Yet one question remained, who taught
Felix how to make rifles? It could not have been
his father since Felix was only seven when his
father died. “So I believe,” quotes DeWitt Settle,
“That both William Settle and Felix Settle
learned how to make rifles from their Huffman
kinsmen in Virginia and later in Barren County.”

Felix also had two sons that became
rifle makers. Simon and Willis. Simon was born
in Roseville, Barren County on October 5, 1823.
He worked in Felix’s rifle shop and learned to be
a gunsmith from Felix. As a young man Simon
moved to Greensburg, Kentucky so that the
competition against his father would not be as
big. Simon marked his rifles “S. Settle,
Greensburg, Kentucky” and numbered each of
them.

On February 27, 1849, he married Mary
Barnett and had five children. None of them
became rifle makers. Simon died February 20,
1871.

The last rifle maker was Willis F. Settle
and there is little known about him. He was born
in Roseville, Barren County, and, like his brother
Simon, worked in his father’s rifle shop where
he learned to make rifles. Willis marked his
rifles, which were percussion rifles, “W. F.
Settle, Glasgow, KY” and the date. He moved
from Glasgow to Russellville, Pope County,
Arkansas, where he died and the line of Settle
rifle makers ended.

*Note by the editors. It is often thought that a
cemetery marked only by field stones is a slave
cemetery. This is not always the case, the graves
were often not marked by regular engraved
stones but by the materials available on the
property, field stones.

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Ritter’s Mills – The First Mill
By
Haley Ford – Temple Hill School

Both Ritter’s Mills are good examples
of grist mills. A grist mill is a mill used to grind
grain. Grist is grain or the quality of the grain.

In 1817, David Bowman Ritter
purchased 420 aces of land on Skaggs Creek
from John Bybee. There, he built his first mill.
Mr. Ritter was given a permit by the Barren
County Court during the April term of 1821.

An interesting time for the mill was in
1853. In this year, a patent was granted by the
Commonwealth of Kentucky that gave
ownership of the Skaggs Creek stream bed. It
was given to the patentee for a five mile stretch
of the creek. The mill was in the center of the
five miles. The grant was supposed to protect
Ritter’s Mill from the other mills and
competition.

A student at Western Kentucky
University wrote a paper for his folklore case in
1972. His name was Myron Matthews. In this
paper, he told about Fishborn Ritter (“Fish”). It
was told that in 1892. “Fish” bought an interest
in the lower mill from W. S. Young. It was also
told that in 1893 it cost $2.00 for 100 pounds of
flour at this mill. Now it costs about $130.00.

The mill property debt was paid with
oats, hay, and by working for 70 cents a day at
the mill. Customers paid in cash, cords of wood,
checks, grain, and by working at the mill. This
was shown in the account books.

The attraction of the creek and mill
pond is another thing. A lot of people liked to go
Ritter Mill, continued:

and swim and have parties. Many think that the mill is a great fishing area.

A few years ago, the members of the community surrounding the lower mill wanted it to be turned into a historical site. They also requested that the mill be rebuilt they way it was in the 1800's. Some members of the community are still fighting for this.

Ritter's Mill is located on the road that is now called Ritter's Mill Road. Homes have been built close to the creek. The people from Dover Baptist Church in the community known as Mount Hermon are baptized in the shallow area by the bridge crossing the water.

After building his mill, David Bowman Ritter built a house near the site. This house, which is still standing, was built by slaves which was very common in the 1800's. It is known as the McCubbin house. Donald and Dorothy McCubbin live in the house now. Mrs. McCubbin was a teacher at the Temple Hill Elementary School just a couple of miles away from the house for several years.

Grist mills have been very important in the history of Barren County and America. They have created jobs and have provided a source of food. Mills started the processing of grain into flour. Many communities sprang up around the mills to form the areas where many of us live. Most of our roads were built just so we could get to the mills from where we lived.

In conclusion, without these mills, we wouldn't have such an interesting history and maybe not even the great county of Barren.

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FROM THE NETHERLANDS
To
BARREN COUNTY, KENTUCKY

Contributed by Michael A. Christian, 4602 Kevin Court, Jeffersonville, IN 47130

MICHAEL ALLISON CHRISTIAN
1947 KY Robin ESCHMAN
ALLISON BAYARD CHRISTIAN, JR
1924 KY Ida RUTHERFORD

RUBY LAURA STOUT
1905 KY Allison CHRISTIAN
JAMES SAMUEL STOUT
1859 KY Martha BROWN
JOSHUA PERRY STOUT
1834 KY Mary WILLIAMSON
EPHRAIM STOUT
1800 VA Joicye BUCKLEY
JAMES STOUT
1770 NJ Abigail HOLLOWAY
WILLEMPJE WIKOFF
1750 NJ Abel STOUT
JACOBUS WIKOFF
1708 NJ Catelyntie GULICK
PIETER WYCKOFF
1675 NY Willemple Jansen SCHENCK
NICHOLAS WYCKOFF
1646 NY Sara MONFOORT
GRIETJE VAN NESS
1627 NETH Pieter Claesen WYCKOFF

Cornelis Hendrick Van Ness, son of Hendrick Gerritse Van Ness, was a native of the village of Nes on the island of Ameland in the province of Friesland, North Holland. To the colony of Rensselaerswick on the Upper Hudson River came Cornelis Van Ness and his wife, Maycke Hendricke Van De Burchgraeff in August 1641. He was a man of education and ability and was influential in the affairs of the colony. He owned a farm near Greenbush, but his main income was derived from his brewery and from his mercantile and political activities.

NOTES OF INTEREST TO BARREN CO. RESEARCHERS

As many of you know, the Barren County Courthouse is closed for renovations. All the offices in the court house are located in temporary facilities for approximately one year. When the courthouse is refurbished, it will house only the Circuit Court and judicial offices. The County Clerk's office will be located across the street, on West Main Street where a building is currently being torn down and replaced.

Until further notice, the County Clerk's office's address is: 924 Happy Valley Road, Glasgow, KY 42141. The telephone number is
Of Interest, continued:

unchanged: 502651-3783. This is located just past the intersection of Happy Valley Road (US 90) and the 31E Bypass in the old Kmart Shopping Center.

SOUTH CENTRAL KENTUCKY CULTURAL CENTER (Museum of the Barrens): This has been operated for the past several years at 231 West Main Street, Glasgow. Bids will be opened for the renovation and completion of their new facilities in the old pants factory on the 16th of August. During the month of August, the Museum will be closed as they are going to be moving to the old Penny's Building at the corner of North Race Street and Main--just a few doors away. The Penny's Building connects with the old pants factory site and will make the transition to their final location easier. At this location, they will have an enlarged area not only for their displays but for their rapidly expanding genealogy section. If you haven't visited them, stop in before the move! Their telephone number will remain unchanged: 502-651-9792.

They are also working on a display remembering the 1948 Barren County Sesqui-Centennial. If you have any artifacts you would like to donate or loan to the museum, please contact Holly Garner or Kaye Harbison at the number above.

Correction to Peden's Monroe County Turner Vital Statistics:

It has been brought to our attention of an error in these records published in the Spring issue. Attalas V. Turner was shown as a female when in fact he was a male. This is taken from family records, and the Hartsville Cemetery records of Trousdale County, TN.

Our apologies--either this was difficult to read from the microfilm for Mrs. Peden, or most likely, the clerk entered it wrong ... this is not the first time that happened! Thanks so much to Betty M Scott for the correction. It was also shown that Nannie B. Turner d/o Amzi Malone and Joseph Burford; w/o Attalus V. Turner is also buried there --24 July 1852 -- 2 May 1926.

The Birge Family

Contributed by Eva M. Thomas, 1014 S. 24th Street, Lafayette, IN 47905-1633

In the White Chapel Cemetery is buried Thomas P. Birge --1 November 1870--22 June 1947 and his wife, Mary L Crabtree --18 December 1874--30 December 1954. Their children were:

1. Virgil Otto Birge, b 5 May 1892 KY, died 12 Mar 1946 Frankfort, Clinton, IN (killed by a train). His wife was Maggie Eudell Crompton Birge, born 18 Mar 1890 Somerset, KY, died 2 Nov 1967 Frankfort, Clinton IN.

2. Pearl Birge, born 16 April 1895, died 18 Mar 1995, buried Mt. Hermon, Monroe County, KY.


6. Another brother?
7. Another sister?
8. Another sister?

Can anyone provide any further information on these possible other children? Thanks!

AKERSVILLE, KENTUCKY


The name Akersville suggests that the Akers family in Akersville was so numerous that their large number gave it the name. Such is far from the truth, as no members of a family wearing the name of Akers lived in what is now considered the village of Akersville. Also the village was first called Highoaks, doubtless because of its high elevation above the creeks and Rocky Hill Church on the Long Fork Creek. A more important and more probable consideration was the abundance of high tall oaks so richly dotting the center of the village.

The name Akersville had its origin in this manner. Sometime as early as or even before 1873 certain members of the family of John
Akersonville, continued:

Akers had a store in the higher elevation of the present Jack Edd Cosby bottom on the White Oak Creek. Possibly John Akers, the father of Henry W. Powell and Elizabeth Akers who married George Neal, was the original starter of the store. Any way it was in the hands of George Neal, Henry W. and Powell Akers when in October 10, 1882, a post office was established in the store. When the Federal authorities came to establish the post office, he asked what the name was they had for the new office, to which John N. Akers replied, "We're having a slow go on finding a name." The federal man snapped out quickly, "You've got it. We will call it SLOWGO." In February 1883 Dr. Gilbert Celsor became postmaster. Then on September 14, 1883 John N. Akers was back in the office. About a year sooner or awhile later the store passed into the hands of John Wesley Payne and he became postmaster on March 28, 1884. Soon for some reason he went away to take an examination, on this occasion along with the other participants Mr. Payne was asked to stand up and give his name and address. When he said John Wesley Payne from Slowgo, everyone in the room sniggered, causing unbearable embarrassment for Mr. Payne. When Mr. Payne returned home, he told one of the Akers brothers that the name had to be changed, because the name Slowgo had caused too much humiliation to him. In reply to Mr. Akers question as to what he would call it, Mr. Payne replied Akersville, since the store had been Akers store, making Akersville quite appropriate. It had been in the Akers family several years. And a possible factor was that John Akers was the first post master.

Although no one wearing the name Akers ever lived in the village James A. Bray, who married Mary Ellen Akers had land in the edge of Akersville. Also at one time or another a strip of land along the Long Fork Creek from the Tennessee line to Barren River and on to White Oak Ridge belonged to some member of the families of the sons of Thomas Akers, possibly the original Akers settled on this community. It must be noted that in this Akers land ownership, its continuity was broken by the Bratton farm, first owned by Thomas Howser and later Wash Bratton. However the above mentioned land ownership, being only near Akersville, had no connection to the naming of the village.

Although the post office was moved up the hill by Bailey P. Cosby in 1891 the name Akersville came with it. Later postmasters removed it to the present village and kept the office there. Mr. Cosby had the office in a store at his home, the 1974 home of Bruce Dillard. Both the name of Highoaka and Akersville predominated and finally Highoaka grew out of usage. In August 1988 the Baptist Church voted to change its name from Highoaks to Akersville, its present name.

In closing let us note that the first or an early mail carrier was called Shoot Smith. He rode a mule, perhaps gray in color, and carried the mail in a locked sack across the mule from Holland by way of Godfrey, now home of Curtis Perdue, and Slowgo to Red Boiling Springs, Tennessee, in that day he carried the mail by contract for a certain sum, being the amount he bid and was accepted by the U. S. Government.

**Family Bible Record of John C. and Elnora Jackson**

Originally submitted by Mrs. Dorothy Tomey of Tompkinsville, KY in 1976.

John C. Jackson was born November 1, 1868 and died March 29, 1947. Elnora (Shirley) Jackson was born September 8, 1872 and died April 4, 1947. To them were born ten children:

- Dee Jackson born 15 Apr 1892
- Berry B. Jackson b 31 July 1894
- Hughie Jackson 5 Feb 1898 – 10 May 1963
- Baz Jackson 25 July 1900 – 6 Aug 1962
- Dolly Jackson Bowles b 17 Jan 1902
- Paul Jackson 15 Mar 1907 – 20 Aug 1962
- Opal Jackson Brown b 26 May 1910
- Hansel Jackson b 31 Aug 1912
- Pearl Jackson Smith b 4 May 1916

**NEW ADAIR CO KY BOOK!**

The Adair County Genealogical Society, P O Box 613, Columbia, KY 42728 announced recently that it has published a new book entitled "Adair County Bible Records", transcribed by Robert Page Watson. It contains 147 Bible records. It is available for purchase at the address above for $22.00 which includes shipping and handling.
THE THOMPSON FAMILY

Taken from “History Speaks”, Metcalfe County Historical Society quarterly, Vol VII, No 1-4, 1988. Contributed to the Herald News by Robert L. Thompson, Hereford, TX. His ancestors left Kentucky for Texas many years ago. He has a number of relatives in Metcalfe County.

Samuel Thompson came from England to America early in the eighteenth century and settled in Amelia County, Virginia. He married Ann Jennings, the daughter of a retired British army officer and Samuel and Ann became the ancestors of a large family.

The children of Samuel Thompson and Ann Jennings Thompson were; Jennings, Washington, William, Samuel Jr., Waddy, Nancy, Millie, Mollie and John.

Samuel Thompson died in Virginia in 1783 and Ann died there in 1785.

Most of the children of Samuel and Ann Jennings Thompson lived out their lives in Virginia, but two of their sons, William and Waddy, went to Kentucky, where they reared large families and have many descendants.

Waddy, the fifth son of Samuel and Ann Jennings Thompson was born November 16, 1777. He married Katherine Eson James in Franklin County, Virginia, September 2, 1799. They moved to Kentucky and settled in Hart County. Their children were Samuel Washington, William Jennings, Frances Bird, Elizabeth Jane, Mary Roberts Pulliam, Waddy Jr., Memory James, George Washington, George Waddy, America Ann, Jennings, and Nancy Hennings. (there is some evidence that George Washington and George Waddy were one and the same person.)

Samuel Washington Thompson, the first child of Waddy Thompson and Katherine Eson James Thomp, was born and reared at Mt. Airy, the family seat which they established in Metcalfe County. He became a legend in the frontier days of his section of Kentucky. He is reputed to have been a very large man of great strength, and a champion rough-and-tumble wrestler. He operated a freight line from Munfordville to Louisville “hauling meat, lard, cowhides, furs, tree sugar, molasses, or any commodity the farmers wished to sell or trade.

On the return trip, necessary supplies which the settlers were unable to obtain in the community were brought back such as salt and coffee” (Quoted substantially from an article by Kay Harbison in the Edmonton Herald News, April 22, 1971.)

Called “Pap” by the children of his first wife by a former marriage, he was also known as “Big Sam”, “Sorrel,” and “Sorrell Top,” the two latter names in reference to the color of his hair, which has been described as “yellow blonde.”

Samuel Washington Thompson married first a widow, Marguerite Harris, whose maiden name was Mitchell. After Marguerite’s death, he, in 18465, married Susan M. Gee.

The children of Samuel Washington Thompson, chronological order uncertain, were William, Jonathan, Jackson (Jack), Frank, Alonzo, Waddy, Samuel, Manlius, Robert, Allie, and Sarah. William and Jonathan Jackson left Kentucky in 1849. William going to California, and Jonathan Jackson going to Holt County, Missouri. Frank went to Texas. The other five brothers and the two sisters lived and died in Kentucky.

William Thompson rode horseback to California at the age of twenty-two years in 1849. He established his homestead in 1852 among the giant redwood trees near Sonoma, a few miles north of San Francisco. He became known as “Redwood” Thompson because of his love for the great trees and his efforts to protect them. His ranch, still owned by members of his family, has been preserved, and it looks substantially as it did when it was first settled.

William Thompson married first Sophronia Shinn. She died and he married her younger sister Fredonia Shinn, in 1870. They had ten children all of whom have now passed on, most of them resting in the family cemetery on the farm.

During his lifetime, William Thompson served in the Mexican War, became a valuable pioneer in California, hauled redwood logs from the Sonoma Mountains to the Embarcadero in San Francisco, operated a winery on the ranch, shipped his product to as far away as New York. He established a fashionable summer resort, converting his large house to a boarding house. He had a waiting list from season to season.
Thompson family, continued:

which included guests from all over the United States. Among his guests was the famous author, Jack London and the Thompson homestead and Sonoma Valley inspired the title of The Valley of the Moon, London’s name for the beautiful Sonoma Valley. Jack London’s character, Martin Eden, was in fact a hand on the Thompson payroll.

Mary fine thoroughbred horses were raised on the Thompson ranch and all of the members of the family were excellent riders.

In later years, Lucy Thompson, an unmarried daughter of the Thompsons, established a dairy farm on the ranch, and operated it until her death in 1967. The last of the children of the family, Minnie Thompson Zane, died in 1970.

William Thompson died in 1970.

Jonathan Jackson Thompson, who usually went by the name of “Jack” was born March 5, 1829 in Kentucky, where he remained until 1849, when he went to Holt County, Missouri, making the trip on horseback. He was crippled, having one “real” foot. In Missouri, Jack married Sarah Jane Fields and they became the parents of ten children. In 1884, they moved from Missouri to Manhattan, Kansas, and from there, in 1888, they moved to Oklahoma, to that part of the state known as “No Man’s land.”

A granddaughter of Jack Thompson and Sarah Jane Fields Thompson, Sada Thompson Munkres (Mrs. Shurl Munkres), lives at Colby, Kansas. She is a daughter of Samuel Logan Thompson. Another daughter, Vada Poland, also lives at Colby, Kansas. They have a brother, Marvin Logan Thompson, who lives at Great Bend, Kansas.

Jonathan Jackson died in 1904.

Waddy Thompson one of the sons of Samuel Washington Thompson, was born near Summer Shade, or near Randolph, in Metcalfe County. He was one of the five brothers and two sisters who chose to remain in Kentucky. He married Sarah Francis Lambirth, and they became the parents of nine children, five boys and four boys. Their names and whom they married follow:

Mary Suanna, who married Columbus Wright in Kentucky, and they moved to Bonham, Texas; Charles Joseph, who moved to Mansford County, Texas, and married Essie Pearl Benson; Samuel died in Kentucky when 19 years of age; Valownia died in Kentucky. James William and Robert Waddy are twins. Robert Waddy moved to Mansford County, Texas, where he married Nellie Lee Moore. James William moved to Mansford County, Texas, but several years later. Elvira married Johnny H. Scott in Kentucky and then moved to Georgetown, Indiana. Addie Ethel married Sidney Bradley in Kentucky, then moved to Liberal, Kansas, and then to California. Nellie Katherine died young in Kentucky. The descendants of this family are numerous and are scattered over a wide area of the United States.

Waddy Thompson died September 13, 1885, and was buried in a cemetery plot on the Thompson farm. Sarah Frances Thompson married a man named Karnes several years after Waddy’s death, and they moved to Adair County, Kentucky.

One of Waddy Thompson’s sons, Robert Waddy Thompson, was born near Center in Metcalfe County, where he lived until he was twenty years of age. He was employed for a time in Allen Scott’s general store at Center, and later at Knob Lick, where his father was post-master. He joined the Presbyterian Church at a revival meeting held by Brack Porter at the Pleasant Valley Church halfway between Edmonton and Center. He was active in the church until he left Kentucky in 1895. He moved to Mansford County, Texas, where he worked on a cattle ranch for several years. He then formed a partnership with his brother Charles, who had preceded him to Texas by about ten years. They bought a ranch and stocked it with cattle and horses. To help with the expenses of running the ranch, Robert Waddy secured a job as mail carrier on the newly formed Star Route from Guymon, Oklahoma to Mansford, Texas, a distance of about forty miles. After four years on this job he went back to the ranch. In 1906, he married Nellie Lee Moore, and they settled in a new house on the ranch. He and Charles dissolved their partnership and each continued ranching on his own.

In Texas, Robert Waddy Thompson became a valuable citizen in his community. He
Thompson family, continued:

was active in civic and church affairs, and he enjoyed working on committees and organizations dedicated to the good of the community. A member of the school board for many years, he also served as Tax Assessor of Hansford County, Texas. He was a Democrat, and always voted a straight ticket. He was interested in politics at all levels, local to national. His wife Nellie, was a constant help to him in all of his activities, including the operation of the ranch, church, and community affairs.

Robert Waddy Thompson and his wife Nelle Lee Thompson had eleven children, nine girls and two boys. One of the girls died at birth, but all of the others grew to adulthood, and all are still living except the oldest girls, who died in 1956.

In 1925, Robert Waddy Thompson sold his ranch in Hansford County, Texas and moved with his family to Hereford, Deaf Smith County, Texas. He died in 1926, and his wife died there in 1948.

The children of this Thompson family were: Ruby, who married Conner Hatcher. He died and she married Offos Vick; Robert married Alice Womble, and they live at Hereford, Texas; Jewel married Ira M. Bryce, and they live in Houston, Texas; Hazel married Walter L. Ayers. He died and she now lives at Bryan, Texas; Frances married Eddie L. Layman. They live at Amarillo, Texas; Dorothy married Dan M. Grubbs, and they live in Santa Ana, California; Nellie married Arvol Stuard, and they live at Pittsburg, Texas; Ray Waddy married Maxine Ballard, they live at Pittsburg, Texas; Stello Jo married Joe Massey, they live in Farmington, New Mexico; Eslie Fern married Sam Wade. He died and she married Leonard Sullivan, they live at Elk City, Oklahoma. Stella Jo and Eslie Fern are twins. Lillie Opal, the fourth child of this family died a few hours after birth.

Robert Waddy Thompson maintained that all the numerous Thompsons are related: that the given name of “Waddy” was originally a surname; that the Thompsons and Waddys intermarried, and the given name of Waddy was started. It became a distinguishing name for his branch of the Thompson family.

Robert L. Thompson, one of the sons of Robert Waddy Thompson, has for several years been gathering information on the Thompson family, with the aim, eventually of publishing a history and genealogy of the family. This article on Samuel Thompson and Ann Thompson, and their descendants is a sample of the data he has in his files. He is aware that the information is incomplete, and that some of it is erroneous. [At the time of publication of the original article, he resided at 111 Douglas Street, Hereford, Texas 79045.]

GRANDPA WAS A BLACKSMITH
By Sandi Gorin

We might think we know what all these people did when we see them listed on the census as a blacksmith, farmer, etc., but do we really know how their lives effected others, what tools they used, what services they provided? Let’s take a look at the village smithy.

The blacksmith has long been considered the most important of the early American artisans. We often see him pictured in old westerns hammering away at a pair of horseshoes, but his job was much more involved than that. He was a specialist and he provided many services to the town or country people.

The blacksmith first had to have a forge. Stone was normally used for the forge, sometimes brick was available, and the forge had to have a chimney and hood. The base was a masonry block, flat, around 2 1/12 feet tall. There was a fire hole on top slightly in front of its center. A grate, which was set in the hold, held charcoal, below it was the ash pit. Another hole was found on the back, below the grate level. A “tue iron” was cemented into this; a tapered nozzle through which the hot air blew the fire to its intense temperatures.

The anvil was located about 4 feet in front of the forge, reachable by long tongs. It was made of forged iron and usually rested on the bottom of a log set in the earthen floor. The shape of the blacksmith's anvil has barely changed over the thousands of years of its existence; it has a wide base, a rectangular core, a tapered beak over which the iron was bent, and a square hole in the core.
Grandpa was a Blacksmith, continued:

The forge and anvil provided all the tools that were necessary for the blacksmith — from these two, he made all of his other equipment. He not only made horseshoes, but hoes, plowshares, cowbells, awls, scrapers, plane blades.

Another term that has almost faded from the American vocabulary was the “farrier”. The blacksmith often filled this roll too, for the farrier shod horses and oxen and was often the closest thing to a veterinarian that most small towns had. In times of need, the local blacksmith could be called on to pull an aching, rotten tooth!

Horseshoe making was an art in itself. He had to know exactly the size and shape of the horse hoof from which he shaped the horseshoe to make it fit perfectly. An ill-shod horse was of no use to anyone. Shaping took place at the forge and when up to specifications, the horseshoe was pushed soundly against the sole of the hoof, burning the hoof to make total contact. It is said that there is a lot of smoke, but no pain to the animal due to the horny surface of the hoof. Pre-punched holes in the shoe allowed for nails to be nailed into the shoe.

Oxen have a different style hoof — they are “cloven footed”, thus the blacksmith had to make their shoes in two pieces. And, it was more difficult shoeing oxen, because, as the farmers out there know, a horse can stand rather peacefully on three legs — oxen can not. Thus a sling had to be used to hold the ox up.

“Citified” blacksmiths also made other tools including nails. After the use of the wooden plug had diminished, people wanted real metal nails. These had to be pointed on one end, cut and a head had to be created. And it was preferable that the nails be all the same length! It is said that many city blacksmiths trained young men apprenticed to them by teaching them to make nails. They progressed from there to gridirons, trivets, pot hooks, trammels, dippers, strainers, toasters, strap hinges, fire tongs, andirons, slide bolts, interior and exterior door hinges and cupboard hinges. As the farmer’s barns became more ornamental as well as useful, the smithy was often called on to create elaborate weather vanes. Soon town officials wanted balcony railings on their city halls, sign brackets for businesses, chandeliers to hold candles in the town “ordinary” or tavern.

The blacksmith has always held the reputation of being a hard working man, sturdy, dependable and honest. So when you find your ancestor listed as a blacksmith, be proud of the work he did. He was the backbone of the community and the farm.

Oops --- we’re sorry we’re late!

Your summer issue was delayed and we’re awfully sorry! Our co-editor, Sandi, decided to take her summer vacation in the hospital where she had major surgery, and then a recuperation time. We’ll try not to let it happen again!

Gorin Genealogical Publishing
205 Clements Avenue,
Glasgow, KY 42141-3409
Sgorin@glasgow-ky.com

VITAL STATISTICS RECORDS. Dates vary from county to county. They were kept from 1852 to 1910, pre-dating the birth and death certificates. Most are in the 1850's and 1860's with many in the 1890's. All books are soft cover, spiral bound and have full-name index.

Adair, Anderson, Ballard, Bath, Boone, Boone, Boyd, Boyle, Bracken & Breathitt Cos, Peden, $24.00.
Barren Births, $27.00
Barren Deaths, $27.00
Cumberland Co Births, Deaths & marriages $27.00
Edmonson Co Births, Deaths & marriages $27.00
Hart Co Births $27.00, Hart Co Deaths $24.00
Monroe Co Vital Statistics, Deaths, Peden, $12.00
Monroe Co Vital Statistics, Births, Death, Marriages (corrections to Peden’s deaths and additional deaths, 1852-1910 scattered, $27.00
HOLLAND-OLEANAN CEMETERY
Metcalfe County, KY

.6 mile west on Hwy. 90 from the Hwy. 640 junction. Turn right Dewey Palmore's farm. Go about 0.3 mile. The cemetery is on the left on a hill about 500 feet off the road on Jack Flower's property (1977). 3 graves identifiable, 14 unidentifiable, not receiving burials. Taken from Metcalfe County Cemeteries, Volume 1, Metcalfe County Historical Society.

If anyone has any information on other burials here, please contact Martha P. Reneau, 562 Beaver Valley Rd., Glasgow, KY 42141.

BARREN COUNTY KY HOLLAND MARRIAGES

Taken From Barren County Marriages, The First Fifty Years, 1799 – 1850, Martha P. Reneau.

HOLLAND, Elizabeth to Lowry B. Hall, bond 2 Dec. 1841, sureties by C. B. Hall, consent mother, Sarah Holland, witnessed by Wm. H. Holland, Albert Davidson.

HOLLAND, George W. to Sarah Davidson, bond 11 Aug 1819, sureties by John Tompkins, married 12 Aug 1918 by Zachicus Quisenberry.


HOLLAND, Jesse to Polly Howell, bond 16 Nov. 1812, age 21 of Polly by Eason Howell, md. 16 Nov 1812 by Augustin Clayton.

HOLLAND, Pleasant A. to Sally G. Slinker, bond 5 Dec. 1846, sureties by Findley M. Slinker, md. 8 Dec. 1846 by A. Woodard.

HOLLAND, Polly to Ezekiel Staton, 23 June 1810, sureties by William Downs, consent proved by oath of Ezekiel Staton.


Holland Burials from A. F. Crow and Son
Funeral Home – Glasgow

Taken from Funeral Home Registers 1927 thru 1961, Surnames F through M, Gorin.

HOLLAND, Infant, died 10 February 1928, child of E W Holland.

HOLLAND, Smith, died 13 February 1934, Scottsville, KY.

HOLLAND, Walter Sherman, Route 1, Knob Lick, KY. Died 6 February 1953, 5:25 p.m., at home, ill 2 years. Born 18 January 1887 Metcalfe County, KY; age 66 years, 19 days. Husband of Vinnie Holland; son of R. W. Holland and Serelda Slinker, they both born Metcalfe County. Farmer. Dr. Durham was attending physician. Survived by wife; two daughters – Nora and Margaret Holland, both at home; son – Robert Holland; sister – Mrs. Weltha Reece of Knob Lick, KY; and one brother – Dallas Holland of same. Member Good Hope Baptist Church. Services by Rev. J. W. Barton 8 February 1953, 2 pm, Liberty Church, burial at Liberty Cemetery.

Wanted: Your family to go here!!!

Reward offered: The joy of seeing YOUR family in print which will help countless others for many years to come and the excitement of possibly meeting new cousins!

How do I apply? Send your information to the South Central Kentucky Historical and Genealogical Society, P. O. Box 157, Glasgow, KY 42141-0157, Attention: Editor “Traces”

Now, aren’t you glad you did that?
Hopewell Baptist Church Membership Rolls
Allen County, Kentucky

Continued from Volume 26, Issue 1, Spring 1998.

(Dis means dismissed; member left by letter; exc means excluded, church excluded them. The number to the right of the name appears to be the number of members... many don’t include this number.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oct 5, 1850</td>
<td>Eliza Ann Oliphant</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mary J. Oliphant</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nancy N. Oliphant</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deadoma J. Oliphant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jan 4, 1851</td>
<td>William C Ritchey</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Flem H. Ritchey</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>William Ritchey Junior</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Jan 5, 1851</td>
<td>Sarah Berry</td>
<td>Dead</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jan 9, 1851</td>
<td>Elvira F. Ritchey</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>America Stone</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan 10, 1851</td>
<td>Mary E. Durham</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Matilda F Spilman</td>
<td>100</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Josephine B. Spilman</td>
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<td>Amanda G Spilman</td>
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<td></td>
<td>James W E Griffin</td>
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<td></td>
<td>John D. Curtis</td>
<td>April 3rd, 1852 (no reason shown)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Nancy Hogg</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Amanda More</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sarilda J. Bridges</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Mary Tinsley</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rebecca E Stone</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Joseph E. Bell</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thomas J. Whitney</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thomas Whitney</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Katherine Whitney</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eliza J. Bridges</td>
<td>Dis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan 11, 1851</td>
<td>Martha S. Gibson</td>
<td>April 5th, 1851</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Edward Williams</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Parthena Williams</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sarah H? Pruit</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Martha J. Borders</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Mary J. Benedict</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thomas Tinsley</td>
<td>April 5th, 1851?</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Elijah J. Staten</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Joseph Ann F D Staten</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jan 12, 1851</td>
<td>William Hunt</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lamyra J. Ritchey</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thomas E. Ritchey</td>
<td>Dis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan 13, 1851</td>
<td>John Ritchey</td>
<td>Dead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>John A. Whitlow</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jan 14, 1851</td>
<td>William Barton</td>
<td>Oct 4th 1854</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pinkney R. Whitlow</td>
<td>Feb 1st 1897</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ana Jane Devasher</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sarah Hanes</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Martha N Whitlow</td>
<td>Dis</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>John P Whitlow</td>
<td>Dis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan 16, 1851</td>
<td>Taphath? Barton</td>
<td>Oct 5th 1851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patsey – colored M. Whitney</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Hopewell Baptist Church, continued:

Jan 17, 1851  Susan colored H. Ashford  Dead
Jan 17, 1851  Mary Ann Bell  Dis
Feb 1, 1851  Diadama Tinsley  April 5th 1851
Feb 1, 1851  Lucy Jackson
Feb 1, 1851  Evaline L. Berry?
Feb 1, 1851  Elizabeth Williams  Dead
Feb 1, 1851  David Wade  Dis
Apr 6, 1851  William Kinslow
Apr 6, 1851  Mary F? Kinslow (smear)  Dis
May 5, 1851  Lucy Jane Lemons  Dis
July 5, 1851  Elizabeth A. Spilman  Dis
Nov 1st 1851  Thomas M. Williams  Dis
Nov 1st 1851  Mary Williams  Dis
Jan 9, 1852  Sarah A. Hammet  Dis
Feb 5, 1852  Cloa A? Spencer  Dis
Feb 5, 1852  Mary E McCombs  Dead

The next page appears to be headed 1851 again with a repeat of many of the earlier names.

Jan 10th  John T Tinsley  By experience
Jan 10th  Joseph E Bell
Jan 10th  Thomas J Whitney
Jan 10th  Thomas Whitney
Jan 10th  Katherine Whitney
Jan 10th  Eliza J. Bridges
Jan 11th  Martha S. Gibson  By letter
Jan 11th  Edward Williams  By experience
Jan 11th  Parthena Williams
Jan 11th  Sarah H Pruit
Jan 11th  Martha J. Borders
Jan 11th  Mary J. Bennefield
Jan 11th  Thomas Tinsley
Jan 11th  Elijah J. Staten
Jan 11th  Joseph Ann F D Staten
Jan 12th  William Hurt
Jan 12th  Lamyra J. Ritchey  By letter
Jan 12th  Thoams E. Ritchey
Jan 13th  John Ritchey
Jan 13th  John A Whitlow  Experience
Jan 13th  William W. Barton
Jan 14th  Pinkney R. Whitlow
Jan 15th  Anna J. Davasher
Jan 15th  Sarah Haines
Jan 15th  Martha N. Whitlow
Jan 15th  John P. Whitlow
Jan 16th  Tapbroth? Barton  By letter
Jan 16th  Patsey, colored belonging to M. Whitney  Excluded
Jan 16th  Susan, colored belonging to H. Ashford.  Excluded
Jan 17th  Mary Ann L. Bell  By letter
Jan 17th  Diadama Tinsley

The meeting having been protracted from the 4th to the 17th January 1851. The ordinance of baptism was attended to and the meeting came to came to [sic] a close. /s/ Wm. F. Spilman, Modr., R M Spilman, Cik.
Hopewell Baptist Church, continued:

A List of the members of Hopewell Church on August 1856:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Andrew J Richey</td>
<td>Catharine Bailey</td>
<td>Robert M Spilman</td>
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<tr>
<td>John H Davasher</td>
<td>Elijah Moon</td>
<td>Simeon W Spilman</td>
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<td>Henry Loafman</td>
<td>Eliza Loafman</td>
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<td>Henry T. Davasher</td>
<td>Sarah Loafman</td>
<td>Mary A Loafman</td>
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<tr>
<td>Walter Thomas</td>
<td>Christena Ashford</td>
<td>Eliza J. Tinsley</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thomas Tinsley</td>
<td>George H. Russell</td>
<td>Cintha A. Stone</td>
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<tr>
<td>John O Oliphant</td>
<td>Enoch Berry</td>
<td>William W. Ashford</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elisabeth Davasher Jr</td>
<td>Harison Benedict</td>
<td>Emily Benedict</td>
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<tr>
<td>Emily A. R. Spilman</td>
<td>Mary Tinsley</td>
<td>Mary Stone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rachel, colored</td>
<td>Mary Tinsley</td>
<td>Rhoda Berry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Margaret J. Ashford</td>
<td>Mary F. Ashford</td>
<td>John S. Ashford</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joseph Walden</td>
<td>Amelia Moore</td>
<td>Edward W. Loafman</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thomas Moore</td>
<td>Nancy Hammet</td>
<td>Louisa J. Hurt</td>
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<td>Malinda Loafman</td>
<td>Sarah A. Richey</td>
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<td>Mary F. Kinsloe</td>
<td>Martha A. Sikes</td>
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<td>Sarah T. Richey</td>
<td>Elijah Carver</td>
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<td>Frances Hunt</td>
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<td>Reuben coulered-Bailey</td>
<td>Alexander-coloured</td>
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<td>Elisa A. Hains</td>
<td>Sarah A. Williams</td>
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<td>Mahala Forth</td>
<td>Rachel Carver</td>
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<td>Mary J. Russell</td>
<td>Jane Graham</td>
<td>Melvina Woods</td>
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<td>Mary J. Tinsley</td>
<td>Nancy N. Oliphant</td>
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<td>Flem H. Richey</td>
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<td>Mary E. Durham</td>
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<td>Rebecca E. Stone</td>
<td>Joseph E. Bell</td>
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<td>Catharine Whitney</td>
<td>Eliza J. Bridges</td>
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<td>Patsey colourd M.W.</td>
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<td>Eveline T. Levi</td>
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<td>Cloe A. Moody</td>
<td>Mary E. Spencer</td>
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<td>James Hurt-excluded</td>
<td>Jeremiah W. Harston</td>
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<td>William Ashford</td>
<td>John Richey</td>
<td>Preston Richey</td>
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<td>James W. McCombs</td>
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<td>James E. Stone</td>
<td>Elizabeth Richey</td>
<td>Charles colourd J.B.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dick-a slave to B. Pulliam Milla,slave to J H. Day--</td>
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<td>Jane Oliphant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mary J. Mosely</td>
<td>Sarah F. Oliphant</td>
<td>Moses York</td>
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The church at Hopewell having been engaged [sic] in a protracted meeting from Friday the 21st of Dec 1860 to Friday the 27th opened the door of the church for the reception of members. Read by experience:

27 Dec: Elijah Tinsley
        Langston Tinsley
        Milton Tinsley

28 Dec: James Hammett
        Sarah J. Tinsley
        Matilda Tinsley
        Lucinda Piland

29 Dec: Sarah Malone

31 Dec: Asbery Williams
Hopewell Baptist Church, continued:

31 Dec: Elizabeth Clark
   Berryman Clark
   America Stephens

1861:
1 Jan William T. Richey
2 Jan Ephraim Berry
   Henry Liles
   Thomas Hammet
4 Jan James S. Thomas
   Elizabeth Stone
   A letter of dismission granted to Brother Thomas E. Richey
   William F. Tinsley
   Newton a slave J.A.D.
   Mary A. Clark by letter
5 Jan Agreed to send the Deacons of the church to aid in the constitution of a church at Harrison
   Schoolhouse Allen County, Ky on Friday before the 3rd Saturday in this month.
   John Thomas
   Martin Tinsley
   America Loafman
6 Jan James Davasher
7 Jan Eleanor Hood/Wood by letter
   Jerry Foster - experience
   Sarah, a slave J. Stone
   James Hurt - recantation
   Lucy Noel - experience - dead
9 Jan William R. Davidson - by letter

The meeting was brought to a close after which the church went to the water where and when Elder R. W.
   Thomas Burried (sic) twenty four willing converts in Baptism. /s/ R. W. Thomas, Modr; R. M. Spilman,
   Cik.

Sunday the 27th Jan 1861. An opportunity was given to any who desired to unite with the church 1st Recd
   by experience Robert Thomas. /s/ R. W. Thomas, Modr.

A corrected list of the Names of the members of Hopewell Church Jan. 1861.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Dis/Dead</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Dis/Dead</th>
<th>Name</th>
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<td>John Stone</td>
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<td>Edward W Loafman</td>
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<td>Mary Benedict</td>
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<td>Nancy Hammett</td>
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<td>Alexander coloured T Haines</td>
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<td>Joseph B. F. Oliphant</td>
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<td>Jane Graham</td>
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<td>Henry Loafman</td>
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<td>Elizabeth Davasher Sr</td>
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<td>Ellen Tinsley (now York)</td>
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<td>Reuben coloured C Baily</td>
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<td>Eliza A. Oliphant</td>
<td>dis by letter</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Hopewell Baptist Church, continued:

Mary J Tinsley – dis by letter
William Richey – dis by letter
Mary J. Tinsley – dis by letter
William Hurt – dis by letter
Amy J. Davasher – dis by letter
Eveline L. Levi – dead
Cleo A. Moody – dis by letter
Matilda E Stephens (Griffin)
Francis J. Spencer – excluded
Charles – slave J. Gibson – exc.
Milla slave – J H Davasher, dis
Mary J. Moseley – dead
Susan M. Vance – dis by letter
Lucinda Stone – dis by letter
Ashford Tinsley
Langston Tinsley
Milton Tinsley – dis by letter
Matilda Tinsley – dis by letter
Asberry Williams – excluded
America Stephens – dis by letter
Henry Liles – dis by letter
Elizabeth Stone now Oliver – dis
Mary A. Clark – dis by letter
America Loafman now Tinsley
Jerry Foster – excluded
William B. Davidson
Thomas P. Mitchel – dis by letter
Mary Malone – excluded
Mary E. Williams
Elizabeth T. Piland now See. st.:
Wm. Griffin
Martha Hood now Durham – dis
Walter Harston – dis by letter
Nancy A. T. Morgan – dead
Laura Williams – dis by letter
Julyann Ritchey – dis by letter
Emily C. Merit – dis by letter
Obédiach Merit – dis by letter
Josephine Spencer now Woods – dis
Emily Harston – dead
Rutha A Bryant now Oliphant – dead
Viany Perkins – dis by letter
J. W. Foster – excluded, restored Dec 1869, excluded January 1869.
Mary J. Harston
Mary A. Clark
Wm. Durham of color – dis by ltr
Samuel R. Williams – dis by letter
Mary T/F. Kinslow – dis by letter
Mary M. Haines now Nuckels
Susan E Davidson Moore
Samuel W. Harston – excluded
Mary J. Coleman
Olive C. Bridges now Petty
Sary C. Moody – dis by letter
William C. Haines
Nancy N. Oliphant, dis by letter
Mary E. Durham
Martha J. Borders – excluded
Lamyr J. Clark – dis by letter
Sarah Hurt – dis by letter
William Kinslow – dis by letter
Mary E. Spencer – dead
John Richey Sr. – dead
Lucinda Wheeler Moore
Mary A. Williams
Jane Oliphant – dis by letter
Sarah F. Oliphant – dis by letter
Cinthia Tinsley – dead
Virginia T. Stephens – dis by letter
Robert Richey – dis by letter
Martha? --- (faded) Now Fisher – dead
James W. Hammet – dead
Lucinda Piland – dead
Elizabeth Clark – excluded
William T. Richey excluded
Thomas U? Hammet – dead
William F. Tinsley – excluded
John Thomas – dis by letter
James R. Davasher – excluded
Sarah slave J Stone – dead Jan 1869
Robert Thomas – dis by letter
B. T. Graham – excluded
Sarah E. Whitney
George Ann Stone
Excluded
James Hammett
Wm. T. Morgan – dis by letter
James Moore – excluded
John P. Hains – excluded
Benjamin Merit – dis by letter
John L/S. Davidson – dis by letter
L--- Lane – dis by letter
John D. Morgan – dis by letter
John Clark (faded) – excluded
Mary J. Harston – dead
Mary L. Pulliam
John L. Richey – dis by letter
Rylee Harston of color – dis by ltr
Nancy Jane Williams – dis by ltr
Eliza Ann Kinslow now Cushinbury
Lucy P. Davidson now Green
Mary W. Davidson now Moore
Miles H. Williams – excluded
Susan L. Whitney now ---herlock-dis
Thomas W. Haines – excluded
America Richey – excluded
Richard D. Hurt – dead
Diadama J. Oliphant – dis by ltr
Araminta Nickel – dis by letter
Mary J. Richey – dis by letter
John S. Richey – excluded
Lucy Durham – dis by letter
Sarah A. Richey – dis by letter
Jeremiah W. Harston
Preston Richey – excluded
Elizabeth Richey – dis by letter
Dick slave B Pulliam – excluded
Lucretia Hide now Moseley – dis
Moses York – dead
Martha A. Hood
Louiza Davasher Harston – dis
Elijah Tinsley – dis by letter
Sarah J. Tinsley – dis by letter
Samah Malone – excluded
Berryma Clark – dead
Ephraim Berry – dis by letter
James S. Thomas – dis by letter
Newton slave J A Dollins – exc.
Martin Tinsley – excluded
Eleanor Hood – dead
Lucy Noel – dead
Thomas J. Bridges – dis by letter
Margaret Oliphant – dis by letter
C. H. Richey – dis by letter
Nancy C. Tinsley – dead
Willis slave J. Stone – dis by letter
America Loafman
A. M. Benedict – dis by letter
Permelia E. Williams – dis by letter
R. L. Benedict – dis by letter
Mary L. Davidson – dead
Charles L. Davasher – excluded
Mary E. Mosley – excluded
Scott Stone – excluded
E--- Dorsey – dis by letter
John M. Bryant – excluded
Pairazidoly? Jones – dis by letter
Samuel- Stone included
Cinthia Ann Haines
Matilda Merit – dis by letter
William Kinslow – dis by letter
Eliza Ann Kinslow now Cushinbury
Lucy P. Davidson now Green
Mary W. Davidson now Moore
Miles H. Williams – excluded
Susan L. Whitney now ---herlock-dis
Eliza Jane Clark – dead
Bradford Kinslow – dis by letter
Patsy A Kerlock now Oliphant – dis
William E. Nuckels
Hopewell Baptist Church, continued:

Edny T. Moore now Brown – exc
Robert Clark – dis by letter
Permelia F. Jackson – dis by letter
Josephine V. Moody – dis by letter
Lewis Ledbetter – excluded
Elizabeth Oliver
Jesse Padget – excluded
Kitty A. York – dis by letter
Margaret C. Hurt now Williams – excluded, restored & granted letter May 4, 1889.
Sarilda T. Durham
Charles Whitney – excluded
Mary Lee Stone now Houchins
Cornelier A. A. Richie
Molly S. Wheeler now Hert [sic]
Samuel Lee Oliver – excluded
Fanny Harston
Harriet Williamson – dis by letter
Dolley C. Durham now Lain
Genie Chenaunt – dead
Mary E. Tinsley now Richie – exc.
T. J. Paton – dis by letter
Martha A. Durham
Pitts Tinsley – dis by letter
Sally Carver – excluded
Samuel L. Hurt
Ora Atwood – dis by letter
Fannie J. Harston
Crit Harston
Sallie Carver now Morrison
Thomas Richie
Nannie Wood
Garlan Atwood – dis by letter
Albert Spencer
Mary E. Harston
Elisabeth Woods
Sallie Stone now Hogue
Charles Bridges – dis by letter
Ella Williams
Clarence Whitney
Bell Hogue
J. S. Dillard

To be concluded next issue.
### Rural Teachers 1922
#### Hart County, KY.

Courtesy Hart County Historical Society, Vol IX, No. 3, July 1977. Shown is district number, name of teacher and school.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>School</th>
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<td>1</td>
<td>Mrs. Beatrice Slack</td>
<td>Cave Spring</td>
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<td>Minnie Broady</td>
<td>Pascal</td>
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<td>Ida Mae Gore</td>
<td>Wickerville</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Alfred Conyers</td>
<td>Pleasant Grove</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>Bonnye O’Banion</td>
<td>Seymour</td>
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<td>Linwood</td>
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<td>Vashti Cartmill</td>
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<td>Ruth Chaney</td>
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- D - R. B. Smith
- F -
- G - Cleoda Woodson
- H - Henry Latheray

### Heard on the Internet – by Sandi

The wealth of information on the internet pertaining to genealogy continues to grow by leaps and bounds. One of the newest additions is the establishment in most of the counties of “message boards”. These are linked to the KYGENWEB project and individuals are posting obituaries for each county with a board. These are not only current obituaries, but those from the old newspapers. To check out these...
Heard on the Internet, continued:

obituaries, you may click on the following URL which is the KYGENWEB site:


You will also find individuals who are posting Bible records, county histories, researchers, family books and much more.

The Barren County website also continues to grow with the posting of cemeteries, Bible records, the story of Jesse James, the Floyd Collins story, 1810 through 1840 Barren County Census and much more. The URL for this is: http://www.choice.net/~jimphp/barrenco/

This site is maintained by Jim Poore.
You need to check out all the other counties in south central Kentucky – the coordinators for Metcalfe, Monroe, Hart, etc. are constantly adding new information!

STARR BIBLE RECORDS

AMOS R. STARR RECORDS:

Amos R. Starr was born September 11th 1848, died July 31st, 1925. Married Feb. 19th 1871 Nancy Thomas Cary who was born Jan. 11th, 1852; died May 5th, 1916. Their children:

Mary Green Starr was born March 8th, 1872; died April 29, 1920.

John William Franklin Starr was born Sept. 12th 1874, died Dec. 1, 1932.

Ammardia Elizabeth Starr was born May 26th, 1877, died 1958.

Elenor Delilah Starr was born March 25th, 1881; died Aug. 1, 1958.

Ira D. Starr was born June 23, 1884; d. July 1942.

Lula Thomas Starr was born Aug. 19, 1887; d. Sept. 22, 1958.

Noie Ellen Starr was born Sept. 12th, 1890; d. Jan. 23, 1891.

Eddie Rogan Starr was born April 19, 1892.

PETER STARR RECORDS:

Peter Starr was born May 21st, 1807.
Their children:

Rachel M. Starr was born February 4th 1833.
Barbara M. Starr was born December 29th, 1835.
George Washington Starr was born Aug 11th 1838.
Andrew Jackson Starr was born Sept 28th 1840.
Noble Molton Starr was born Sept 1st 1844.
Mary Catherine Starr was born Jan 9th, 1847.
Hannah Amanda Starr was born Dec 9th 1849.
William A. Starr was born July 21st 1852.

Monroe Bible

Father: Allen Johnson Monroe was born May 4th 1825 Barren Co. KY.

Mother: Mary Ann Thomas was born February 21st 1830 in Barren Co. KY.
The above was married March 2nd 1848.

BIRTHS:
George Washington Monroe was born Feb. 15th 1849 in Barren Cty., Ky.

John Thomas Monroe was born Jan. 18th 1851 in Cass Co., Ill on Saturday.

Mary Jane Monroe was born March 12th 1853 in Warren Cty., KY. on Saturday.

Hetty Ann Monroe was born Apr. 22nd 1855 in Cass County, Ill on Sunday.

James Matthews Monroe was born March 13th in Cass Con. Ill on Friday 10 o’c. P.M.

Jonathan Thomas Monroe was bornd May the 19th 1862 (57)

MARRIAGES:
A. J. Monroe & Mary Ann Thomas was married March 2d 1848.

J. W. Conyers & Mary Ann Monroe was married June the 18th 1865.

DEATHS:
James M. Monroe died March 19th 1857 on Thursday 3 oc PM.
Monroe Bible Records, continued:

Samuel S. Monroe died July 5 1861 on Friday 24 minutes after 12 o'clock AM.

MARRIAGES:
George Monro and Ettie Monro [sic] was married May 11, 1885, at Philadelphia, Ill., Cass Co. went to Minden Nebr. the same year. And returned to Illinois March 1888, and then to Nebraska again in 1903.

BIRTHS:
Noah A. Monroe was borned year 1885 August 25.
Mary M. Monroe was borned on June 12, 1887.
John R. Monroe was borned September 9, 1891.
Hermann Monroe was borned Jan 28th 1896.
Christie Emil Monroe was borned the 16th Jan, 1913.
Harry Andrew Monroe was borned Jan 1 4th, 1900.
Annis Margertha & Anna Mato Monroe was borned July 23, 1904.
Lena Adelhaide Monroe was borned the Oct. 5th 1906.
Minnie Elsa Monroe was borned the 6th Aug 1909.
Wilma Monroe was borned May 20th 1911.

DEATHS:
Annis Margertha Monroe died July 23, 1904.
Anna Mato Monroe died July 26, 1904.
Lena Adelhaide Monroe died 13 1906. [sic]
Wilma Monroe died May 21st 1911.
Also two born dead boy and girl.

(From Harry A Monroe, 911 W. 11th St., Grand Island, Nebraska – date not shown.)

**THOMAS COPAS FAMILY SHEET**

Thomas Copas, Monroe County, KY, born 1786 Virginia. Was a farmer. Died 6 May 1878 Monroe County, KY. Married (1) Hannah Jobe. She born 1786 Washington County, TN; died 1 Jan 1855 Monroe County, Kentucky; daughter of N and Lidda Jobe. Their children:

1 – John Wesley Copas born Washington Co TN; md Leah Conkins.
2 – Thomas M. Copas born Washington Co TN; died 11 July 1880; married Mary Tooley.
3 – William N Copas, born Washington Co TN; md. Mary --.
4 – Elhannon Copas born same.
5 – Nathan Copas born same; md Mary M. Westmoreland.

Thomas Copas married (2) June 1818 in TN to Rosa Ann Alvis who died 25 Apr 1878 in Monroe Co KY. Their children:

6 – Phatima Copas born 8 May 1857 Monroe Co KY.
7 – James Henry Copas born 25 May 1860 same; md Jane Grider.

**WE NEED YOUR HELP!** If you have Bible records, cemetery records, family sheets or anything of a genealogical nature, it might be just the information that someone has been looking for! Please consider sharing it with the South Central Kentucky Historical and Genealogical Society!
You may e-mail your queries to Sandi Gorin at sgorin@glasgow-kv.coni. Also remember to include your e-mail address in your query if applicable.

**QUERIES – QUERIES – QUERIES**

**ATNIP, INABNIT, INABINETTE, ENATNIP, ENABNIT, PARSLY.** I would like to hear from ANYONE who has any knowledge of, or researching the following families from the Barren Co., Metcalfe Co., & Monroe Co. KY. or surrounding areas. Also some are known to have also been in Pulaski Co. and Adair Co. early 1800’s. Thanks so very much. Liz Marcello, 956 Boiling Springs Road, Lexington, S.C. 29073; e-mail to lizmarc@juno.com

**BELL**; Searching for a John Bell, born in Rockbridge Co., VA in 1788; moved to Metcalfe Co. from their (and later into Adair Co.). He married twice: once to Elizabeth McDonald; another wife was Elizabeth Somers. He had two sons; Sebastin Cabbott Bell and William Woodson Bell. I don't know how long they stayed in Metcalfe. I am particularly interested in parents of John or children of S. C. or W. W. (this is my line). John had three sisters who married the following: a Butler, a Scott and a Walkup. Don't have the girls given names. Thanks! Sue Nell Kirkman (joekiikman@aol.com). 1539 Washington St., Hollywood, FL 33020

**BOUCHER-BRITE-CAGLE-HEWLETT-MANN-MOODY-MORRIS-PRLITT-SCHOOLING-SPILMAN-WORMINGTON-WOODS:** Searching for any of these families. All of these families have been found in Adair, Allen and Barren counties. Any information on any members of these 12 families being collected at this time. These families spread out from Kentucky and all have been found as "The 12 Pioneer of Families of SW Lawrence County, MO." In September, there will be a family reunion for descendants.

An updated book of the descendants is planned and I am in need of additional information. Please contact me with any information or questions at: ASLEL@AOL.com or by snail mail at Ellen Franks, 22316 South Ibx Avenue Hawaiian Gardens, CA 90716-1536

QUERIES, continued:

would like to correspond with anyone, knowing these people. Thank you. Ludema Bowles, 1570 Centeron Road Martinsville, In. 46151

BROWN-BOWLING: I am searching for information on Jesse BROWN who married Rachel BOWLING. They were in Barren County by November 1851 when their son George Washington BROWN was born. All census information indicates that Jesse (22 Jan 1828- 8 Dec 1895) was born in Tennessee and died in Hart County, KY. Rachel BOWLING was born in Lee Co., VA 26 Nov 1832 and died 15 Dec 1915. According to her Death Certificate she was the d/o William BOWLING and Roda WILLIAMS. Jesse and Rachel were in Hart County by 1870. I am interested in locating date and place of their marriage. It is unproven but I believe that Jesse was the s/o John and Nancy CLOWS BROWN who were married in Washington Co., TN 26 DEC 1822. Any help on this line would be appreciated. Thank You. Lany Brown, lwbrown@adex.net or 940 Fire Tower Loop, Beaver Dam, KY 42320


DAVIS: I would like to contact anyone researching DAVIS in Barren County. My ancestor, Prettyman Davis, was born about 1803 in Ky. He md Sarah Poynter 20 April 1825 in Barren County. He moved to Marshall County, Illinois, in the early 1830's. Who were his parents and siblings? Pat Koestner, 4103 North Hawthorne Pl., Peoria, IL 61614-7209 Wiz196@aol.com

GLASS: I'm researching the following Families: My Great Grandfather David C. GLASS b. in N.C., abt 1836. Married in 1853 to Lorena F. TAYLOR b. in Ky.. They lived and raised their family in Metcalfe Co.. They had five children. They were: 1. Bettie G. Glass b. abt 1856 in Metcalfe Co. 2. Dixie (Fannie) F. Glass b. abt. 1859 died May 1923 in Metcalfe Co.. She married ? SPEAR. 3. My Grandfather James A. Glass b. Dec. 1862. Married first wife Lina J. PERKINS abt 1883. Lina b. June 1865, died of T.B. abt 1907 in Temple Hill, Barren Co.. Then he married my Grandmother Dona WALKER abt. 1908 in Temple Hill, Barren Co.. B. abt. Nov. 1880 in Monroe Co. Ky. Her Parents were John N. Walker b. abt. Jan. 1846 in Tenn.. Martha T. JACKSON b. abt. Feb 1853 in Ky.. They lived in Monroe Co. and Barren Co.. 4. Mollie J. Glass b. abt. 1863. She married Eugene Lonie PEDIGO Metcalfe Co. 5. John C. Glass b. Sept 1, 1865 d. Nov. 2, 1949. Married to first wife Mary R. Perkins. Second wife was Leona (Lee) Wheeler, Metcalfe Co. I really appreciate if anyone knows anything on any of these people. If they could please e-mail or write me, I be glad to share what I have on it. Thanks! Bev Bickers, 4760 Matthew Place, Fairfield, Ohio 45014 or Ebigcl277939@aol.com

GRAY: Seeking information on William Powell Gray and Polly C. Lain, who married January 14, 1836 Ky. Known child: Nathaniel Samuel Gray, born March 7, 1845, possibly Greenville, KY. Polly also known as Mary: on Nathaniel's death certificate, she's listed as Mary; on Nathaniel's marriage certificate (second marriage), she's listed as Polly. Nathaniel first md to Ada, or Adaline (?) Gear, and their children were born in Illinois (except one, who may have been born in Missouri). Who were William's and Polly's parents? Were there other children? When did Nathaniel move to Illinois - and did William and Polly go with them? Thanks! Margaret Hall, 6277 Fred W. Moore Hwy., China, MI 48054 marhall@tir.com

HATCHER: Barnett & Susannah HATCHER, Barren Co. KY. I am trying to find further info on my ggg grandparents who came here to Barren Co. KY sometime around 1817-19 from Buckingham Co. VA. Barnett is listed in the 1800 Tax List of Buckingham Co. VA. His wife Susannah was probably a STATON or SLATOR. Her father was named William. One source I found thought Barnett was the grandson of Benjamin & Mary Dupuy HATCHER of VA and that Barnett's mother might have been a BARNETT and his father was Benjamin HATCHER. His parents would have been born around 1730-35. Barnett & Susannah had issue: Azariah, Benjamin, Josiah, Delilah, Martin Price (my line) and Branch. I would love to hear from anyone who might have any connections. I am collecting data on all the HATCHER's I can find. My email address is: whatcher@caveland.net or you may write me at 108 Doran, Cave City, KY 42127

JEFFRIES: These men attended the estate sale of my greatgrandfather, Daniel JEFFRIES in Barren Co. in 1808: William ANDERSON. Jacob BARTON. Thomas BEACHAM. William BELL. William BISHOP. Fields BLAKEY. William BLOKEY. Patrick BOISSEAU. Jesse, John and William BOWLES or BOWLS. John BURK. John CRENSHAW. Reuben DALE. George T. DEARING. Samuel DOUGLASS. William EDWARDS. Edward GILL. Absolem and Mahlen HALL. Abner HAMILTON. James JEFFERS/JEFFRIES. Francis LATTIMORE. James McCLURE. Joseph and William NEVILL. Ezekial NEWLAND. Daniel PRICE. George RICHARDSON. John RITTER. Thomas ROBERTS. Moses and William SHIRLEY. Benjamin SMITH. Samuel SPENCER. John and Samuel TAYLOR. Joseph and Walter WARDER. and Ezra WILSON. If anyone would like to trade information on any of these families, please contact me. Linne Bowles Gravestock, 2220 Marshall Way, Sacramento, CA 95818-3546 or linne@quiknet.com

JOBE-ARTERBURN-MOSIER: Looking to exchange info on parents & descendants of Amon Jobe b 15 May 1824 Washington Co TN; d 4 Sept 1906 Metcalfe Co KY; md 8 Dec 1846 Washington Co TN Rhoda Arterburn; she b 20 Oct 1828 Washington Co; d 2 Mar 1916 Metcalfe Co. Children: Sarah E, b 1849, md James Mosier, James W., b 1851, m. Nancy Matilda Copass; Mary Elizabeth, b 1 Sep 1852; d 22 July 1932 (deaf & mute); Matilda J, b abt 1854, d 30 Dec 1855; Martha Frances "Aunt Frankie", b 1 Apr 1856, d 1942, m. James Mosier; John J S, b 30 Mar 1860; Jesse C., b 1862; John Harrison "H", b 31 May 1867, d 18 Apr 1944, md. Minnie Kennedy, m(2) Suzie E Laswell; George W., b 1869, m. Rebecca Malissa Ford, m(2) Nannie Grindstaff, Samuel E., b 25 Apr 1872, d 8 Sept 1939, m. Delia Jackson, m(2) Emma Gertrude "Jennie" Hammer, m(3) Vessie Brown, m(4) Queenie Holland Brown; Laura Belle, b 27 June 1873, d 26 Feb 1956, mm. Benjamin Price Ford. If you have Jobes in your line, contact me and thanks! James R. Jobe, 512 Amberwood Way, Kingston, GA 30140 or npwaugh@ispib.com.

LEE: I am trying to track the descendants of Preston M. Lee and his wife Jane Hay, shown below. I am descended from John Jackson Lee and have collected quite a bit of info on his descendants, but would like more info on Julie Ann Lee who married Joseph A. Fagg and James G. Lee who married Harriet Baird. I have this Lee line back another 4 generations and am willing to share. Preston Mayfield Lee b: 7 Feb
QUERIES, continued:


MAHANEY/TOMBERLIN: James MAHANEY (c1774-c1819) and Clarissa TOMBERLIN (c1775-1857) with three sons Alvin, Chesley, and Jeremiah were in Barren Co KY 1810. The widow Clarissa and three boys in Monroe Co KY 1820. Clarissa died Allen Co KY 1857. Can anyone connect this family to that of Benjamin MAHANEY (c1774-1848) and Clarissa LYNCH (c1780-c1841) of Greenville SC and Jackson Co., TN? Any suggestions or clues? Have info on both families to share. TIA. Karen M Raichle KarenRai@aol.com 23856 Dutch Lane Lutz, FL 33549

MILLER: Looking for information on my MILLER line. Absolom MILLER b VA; md to a Polly ?. Their son Andrew Anderson MILLER was born ca. 1828 in Barren County, KY. He md Clarissa PEDIGO who was also b in Barren County, ca. 1827. These are my gggrandparents, their son E. MILLER md Malissa James PEDIGO (a cousin to Clarissa) and he was born ca. 1850. His son Andrew Thomas MILLER was my grandfather and he was born 28 Sept. 1887 in Eighty-Eight, Kentucky and md Elizabeth "Bessie" SAVAGE and they resided in Barren Co. Any help that you might be able to give me will be gratefully appreciated. Or if you know of someone else who might be able to help.

RHINEHEART: I am still looking for the grave or obit of Joseph Leander RHINEHEART. From his Civil War pension papers, it says that he died near Rockland Mills. Is that In Metcalfe Co.? Would appreciate any help. Thanks in advance. Susan Metzen 5845 Hemlock Drive Great Bend, KS 67530 smetzen@midusa.net

SHIRLEY: MOLLIE GRUBBS SHIRLEY Born c 1750. Married 1770 in VA. Moved to Barren Co (in area now Metcalfe) in 1798. Died 1835 Barren Co. Member Dripping Springs Baptist Church. Do you know names of her parents? Was James Grubbs of Barren Co her brother? Thanks for any information. Jean Christian, 1559 Asbury St., St. Paul, MN 55108 or jchrist756@aol.com

BOOKS FOR SALE BY THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Barren County Cemeteries: Ken Beard & Brice T. Leech. One of the most important researching books! $25.00 plus $3.50 shipping & handling. Hardbound.

Barren County Heritage, Goode & Woodford, hardbound, $28.50.

Biography of Elder Jacob Locke. James P. Brooks, $2.60.

Goodhope Baptist Church (now Metcalfe Co), Peden, 1838-1872, $6.00.

Historical Trip Through Barren County, KY, C. Clayton Simmons, hardbound, $17.50.

Lick Branch Cumberland Presbyterian Church, 1824-1870, Peden, $6.00.

Little Barren Baptist Church (Trammel’s Creek), Metcalfe Co, Peden, $6.00.

Little Barren River United Baptist Church, Metcalfe Co, 1815-1849, Peden, $6.00.

Monroe County Cemetery Records, Vols. 1 & 2, Peden, each volume $17.00.

Mt. Tabor Baptist Church History, Church committee, $11.65.

Pleasant Run Church, McFarland’s Creek, 1827-1844, Peden, $6.00.

Order Books of Barren County, Peden:
Vol. 1 – 1799-1802 (with Wilson), $9.00
Vol. 3 – 1806 – Apr 1812, $17.00
Vol. 4 – May 1812 – Aug 1818 - $20.00.

Stories of the Early Days, Cyrus Edwards, hardbound, $17.50.

Then and Now, Dr. R. H. Grinstead, $2.60.

Times of Long Ago, Franklin Gorin, hardbound, $12.00 plus $2.00 shipping and handling.

1879 Beers & Lanagan Map of Barren County, 24x30 laminated cardstock, black & white. Landowners shown with insets for the communities. $6.50 plus $2.15 for 1st class shipping or $1.45 for 3rd class shipping.

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MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION

NEW MEMBER (Y)  (NO)  RENEWAL (Y)  (N)

NAME:  
ADDRESS:  

Names being researched: (Please limit to three)

1.

2.

3.

Enclosed is my check/money order in the amount of $________ for membership in the Society. Dues received before January 31st of each year will insure that your name is on the mailing list of "Traces" for the first issue of the year. If received after that date, you will be mailed your current issue and all back issues due you at that time (under separate cover). Please notify us of address changes!

Regular Membership:  $12.00
Family Membership:  $15.00 (one copy of Traces)
Life, under age 70:  $150.00
Life, over age 70:  $100.00

Thank you for your continued support! Mail this application to the South Central Kentucky Historical and Genealogical Society, P. O. Box 157, Glasgow, KY 42142-0157.
GENERAL INFORMATION

MEMBERSHIP is open to anyone interested in the history of the South Central Kentucky area, centering around Barren County. Annual dues are $12.00.

TRACES, the Society's quarterly publication is received by all members. It is published seasonally, Spring, Summer, Fall and Winter. Members joining during the year will receive the past issues of that year.

CONTRIBUTIONS are earnestly solicited. Family genealogies, marriages, Bible, will and probate, cemetery, court and other records are all acceptable. You will be listed as contributor.

QUERIES are accepted only from members, without limit, and will be published as space permits. Queries should be limited to about 50 words.

EXCHANGE of Traces with other Societies or publications is acceptable and welcome.

BOOKS to be reviewed in Traces must be sent with information as to cost, including postage, from whom the book may be obtained. They become the property of the Society library. Books should have Kentucky interest. Reviews will be published as space permits.

MEETINGS are held monthly, except December, at the Museum of the Barrens, West Main St, Glasgow on the fourth Thursday, 7:00 pm. Interesting and informative programs are planned for each meeting and your supportive attendance is always welcome.

BACK ISSUES of Traces are available. Our supplies of the following are gone: Vol. 1, Nos 1-4 (1973), Nos. 1-4 (1974); Vol. 3, Nos. 1 and 4 (1981); Vol. 4, No. 4 (1976); Vol. 5, No. 1 (1977); Vol. 6, No. 2 (1984); Vol. 9, Nos. 1-4 (1981); Vol. 10, Nos. 1 & 2 (1982); Vol. 12, No. 2 (1984). All others can be purchased as long as the supply lasts at $3.00. Back issues will be mailed with our regular quarterly mailing.

CORRESPONDENCE of any type that requires a reply must contain a self-addressed, stamped envelope. Address to: South Central Kentucky Historical & Genealogical Society, P. O. Box 157, Glasgow, KY 42141-0157.

BOOKS AND MATERIALS of a genealogical nature that you no longer need ... would you consider donating them to the Society? They will be preserved for other researchers and deeply appreciated. Contact the editor, Martha P. Reneau, 562 Beaver Valley Road, Glasgow, KY. 42141.
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